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AMERICAN WARNING TO CHINA

Students Making "Dangerous Situation"

Film Men's Challenge Accepted

Shanghai, June 4.
The Social Affairs Bureau today accepted the challenge of eight American film distributors in which the agencies said unless an increase of theatre admissions was permitted they would be forced to discontinue supplying films to Shanghai's 46 movie houses after June 29.

Social Affairs Commissioner Wu Kai-sien refused to grant the request that admissions be increased from 150 to 200 per cent and also to cancel the order requiring theatres to set aside 30 per cent of its seating capacity for the minimum price.

Conciliating on the threat, the Commissioner said he was "not very concerned about the matter."

He added: "The minimum priced seat restriction has given the common people an opportunity of attending movies and should not be removed merely because of the opposition of foreign film distributors."

In the meantime the office of mayor K. C. Wu has not yet ruled on the petition of the Shanghai Movie Exhibitors Guild for permission to increase the prices.—United Press.

NEW COMET SPOTTED

Okayama, Japan, June 4.
Minoru Honda, who achieved world fame with the discovery of the Honda Comet last year, reported today that he had spotted another one which he said "is as big as to be visible to the naked eye at dawn on the north-east horizon."

He said he located a new comet of fourth degree intensity early on Friday morning close to Perseus moving in a westward direction.

He said the new comet, yet unnamed, would become more readily visible as it is shifting to the west.—United Press.

CUSTOMS POST RAIDED

An armed force of about 30 men raided a Chinese Maritime Customs post less than a mile from the Colony's border town of Shataukok on Wednesday.

The attack occurred in broad daylight at King Hau, less than a mile west of Shataukok, off Mire Bay.

Heavily outnumbered, the Customs officers were overpowered by the attackers, who seized all arms and ammunition in the post.

None of the Customs men was hurt.

USA TO PROTEST BERLIN AFFAIR

Berlin, June 3.
The United States authority in Berlin are to protest to the Russians over last night's arrest of Dr. Harry Franklyn, the American Deputy Chief of Civil Affairs in Berlin, in a German camera shop.

He was released this afternoon after 17 hours' detention in the central Kommandatura, in the Russian sector.

Colonel Frank L. Howley, the American Commandant in Berlin, declaring he would protest, described the arrest as "high-handed and a most regrettable display of Russia's feeling towards their Allies."

He expressed annoyance that the Russians took no steps to release Dr. Franklyn although high Russian authorities knew he was

Stuart Defends US Policy On Jap Aid

Nanking, June 4.

The United States warned China today that Chinese student agitation against American policy in Japan is an increasingly "dangerous situation."

Ambassador J. Leighton Stuart said the agitation is seriously "damaging the traditional cordiality between the United States and China and, if it continues, may have unfortunate results."

The Ambassador called a special conference of foreign correspondents and Chinese newspapermen to make his observations. After distributing a statement, he replied to questions. He said the statement was approved by the State Department.

Student Protest

University students have protested against what they describe as the American policy of bolstering Japan as a bulwark against Communism. Recently in Shung-han 338 faculty members joined in the protest and sent appeals to President Truman and Secretary of State Marshall, they want the U.S. to stop helping Japan.

"No one can expect the taxpayers of America to continue indefinitely paying Japanese bills," said Stuart, adding that Japan's economic life must be restored.

He warned the students:

"If those of you who agitate or participate in agitation against the United States on the question of Japan disagree with what I have said, then you must be prepared to face the consequences of your actions."

"Unless China and the United States can approach each other with mutual trust and confidence, peace and welfare are endangered."

(Chinese officials have charged that professional Communist workers started the agitation in an attempt to disrupt Sino-American relations and to prevent economic aid to China.)

Stuart said he does not know who is behind the agitation, nor for what purpose, "although I have received varying reports."

China's Plight

He continued that it is all the more regrettable that "this movement should start at a time when the United States is embarking on a large-scale and serious programme to assist China in its present tragic plight."

"At a time when the American people are called upon to assist in the rehabilitation of war-torn countries throughout

Juliana Queen On Sept. 4

The Hague, June 4.
Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands will abdicate on Sept. 4, it was announced officially today.

Her daughter, Crown Princess Juliana, will assume the throne that day and be sworn in as Queen two days later, the anniversary of Queen Wilhelmina's ascension to the throne.

The Queen, in poor health for months, announced a month ago that she would step down in September but did not set the date.

Her abdication will follow the celebration on Aug. 30 of her 50th anniversary as ruler over the Dutch Empire.

Princess Juliana now is

Princess Regent, her mother having relinquished her Royal

duties last month for the second

time in a year because of her

health. The Queen is 67. Juliana is 39, the mother of four daughters.—Associated Press.

Dr. Franklyn sold this afternoon, after his release, that the patrol asked him about his car parked outside the shop. He asked if he had done anything wrong. He was told "No"; but the patrol was interested in "other things."

Dr. Franklyn's 17-hour detention consisted mainly of trying to find somewhere to sleep and keep warm. The mystery of his detention deepened when Dr. Franklyn declared this afternoon that the Russians did not appear to be interested in him so much as in the German owner of the camera shop.

He said their official reason for holding him was to check his identity, although he produced all credentials for their inspection.—Reuters.

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PICTURE OF THE DAY

Princess And Mascot



\$708 Lot Sold For \$3,600

An agricultural lot in Lo Wai (Tsun Wan), with an area of 1.60 acres and an annual Crown rent of \$12.80, was sold to Mr. Yip Tak-fan for over five times the upset price of \$708, at the District Office (New Territories) yesterday.

The upset price was raised to \$3,000 on the first bid, followed by raises ranging from \$25 to \$500 until it was knocked down for \$3,000.

Four other lots in the New Territories (three agricultural and one building) attracted no bidders and were knocked down to the respective applicants at the upset prices.

The three agricultural lots were in Keung Shan (Lantau Island) and known as Nos. 712, 713, and 714. The first comprised .74 acre with an annual Crown rent of \$3. It was sold for \$180.

The area of the next lot was .80 acre. The Crown rent is \$3.20 per annum, and the upset price \$174. The third lot had an area of .48 acre, and annual Crown rent of \$2. It was sold for \$104.

At Soo Lot 103 in Sui Kung, with an area of 450 square feet and annual Crown rent of \$2, was knocked down for the upset price of \$23.

Mr. Wakefield acted as auctioneer.

SOVIET PROTEST AGAINST US PRESS

Tokyo, June 4.
The Soviet member of the Allied Council for Japan today lodged a formal protest with General MacArthur against the circulation by the American press recently of allegedly "undisguised propaganda" among the Japanese advocating war against Russia as well as "insolent slander" against the Soviet Union.

Major Gen. A. P. Kislenko, acting Soviet member, specifically named an editorial in the magazine, "News Week," and an article by the United Press correspondent, Ernest Hobrecht, as a "striking illustration of this propaganda."

Kislenko said the editorial "White Star vs. Red" in the May 17 issue of News Week "with absolute frankness propagates a new war against the Soviet Union."

"Authors of the article," Kislenko said, "declare point blank that the United States is going to bomb Moscow, Leningrad, Kiev, Kharkov, Odessa and other Soviet cities."

He added that they are "not ashamed" to point out that Japan shall be a key American base for launching a war against Russia.

Kislenko also called attention in an article by Hobrecht in the Pacific Stars and Stripes and Nippon Times which quoted a Japanese official as saying he heard reports that Russia was

in custody by 8.30 p.m. last night.

Dr. Franklyn, who is 52, was arrested in a German camera shop in the Alexanderplatz by a Russian military police patrol.

Covered by two Soviet tommy-guns sitting in the back seat of his car, he was ordered to drive to the Kommandatura behind a Soviet patrol jeep.

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BAO DAI LEAVES TODAY TO WITNESS INDO-CHINA AGREEMENT

A provisional agreement between the French and the Indo-Chinese is scheduled to be signed today on board a French cruiser in Baie d'Along recognising the newly-set up Provisional Central Government of Vietnam and giving the Indo-Chinese independence.

Ex-Emperor Bao Dai of Annam will leave Hong Kong at 7 a.m. today by a specially chartered Cathay Pacific Airways flying boat to witness the signing by M. Emile Bollaert, French High Commissioner for Indo-China, and Lieutenant-General Nguyen Van

Xuan, Prime Minister of the Central Government of Vietnam.

Bao Dai, accompanied by M. Cousseau, his French aide-de-camp, Prince Vinh Can, his younger brother, Tran Dinh Que, Phan Van Giao, and Nguyen Huu Thai, will proceed to Europe after the provisional signing of an agreement,

are still secret, and probably will not be made public until after its ratification in France and by the Central Government of Vietnam.

According to a high Vietnam official last night, the agreement to be signed will not mean complete independence for the Indo-Chinese people. In the economic, diplomatic and military fields, certain concessions have been made to the French.

He also disclosed that each of the three, Cochin-China, Annam and Tonkin, will be autonomous as far as internal laws, budgets, and administration were concerned.

"As far as the CC clique is concerned I certainly would never form the clique nor permit one to be formed while I am in my capacity of party organiser. You must realise too when the Kuomintang attempts new measures on legislation the Communists are quick to spread dissension.

"As far as this report is concerned (a United Press Nanking story), the report is greatly exaggerated. It shows the person who wrote it was carried away by what may have been a report of minor party reorganisation, Reform, democracy and progress is the object of the Kuomintang itself, so I do not see how any revolutionary element could identify itself with those ideals as opposed to the Kuomintang."

Chen would not speculate on the probable attitude of President Chiang Kai-shek on the movement supporters.—United Press.

Denies Existence Of Clique

Los Angeles, June 4.

Dr. Chen Li-fu, questioned today on the Nanking report that efforts were being made to oust the Right Wing CC clique from the Kuomintang, refused to recognise the existence of any such clique.

He said: "China is now going through a period of transition from a totalitarian government to one of constitutional government.

Naturally, when such a situation exists there are those who wish to promote their own sides of any questions.

"As far as the CC clique is concerned I certainly would never form the clique nor permit one to be formed while I am in my capacity of party organiser. You must realise too when the Kuomintang attempts new measures on legislation the Communists are quick to spread dissension.

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PAA HONOUR

Chicago, June 4.
The National Safety Council honoured Pan-American Airways for completing 1,443,690,000 passenger miles between Aug. 8, 1945 and June 18, 1947 without a fatality.—Associated Press.

The Weather

A weak anticyclone centres in the South Sea and an associated ridge extending to Central China are both moving slowly ENE.

Pressure is also relatively high over Burma and Mindanao. A depression is stationary over the Gulf of Tonkin and from it an active trough of low pressure extends east to the Luson Straits and then ENE to the Bonins.

Forecast: Moderate E winds. Cloudy with occasional rains.

Yesterday: Wind: N. Min. 15 deg. Feb. Max. 25 deg. Vah.

Minimum: 72.4 deg. Vah.

Sunshine: 5.2 hours.

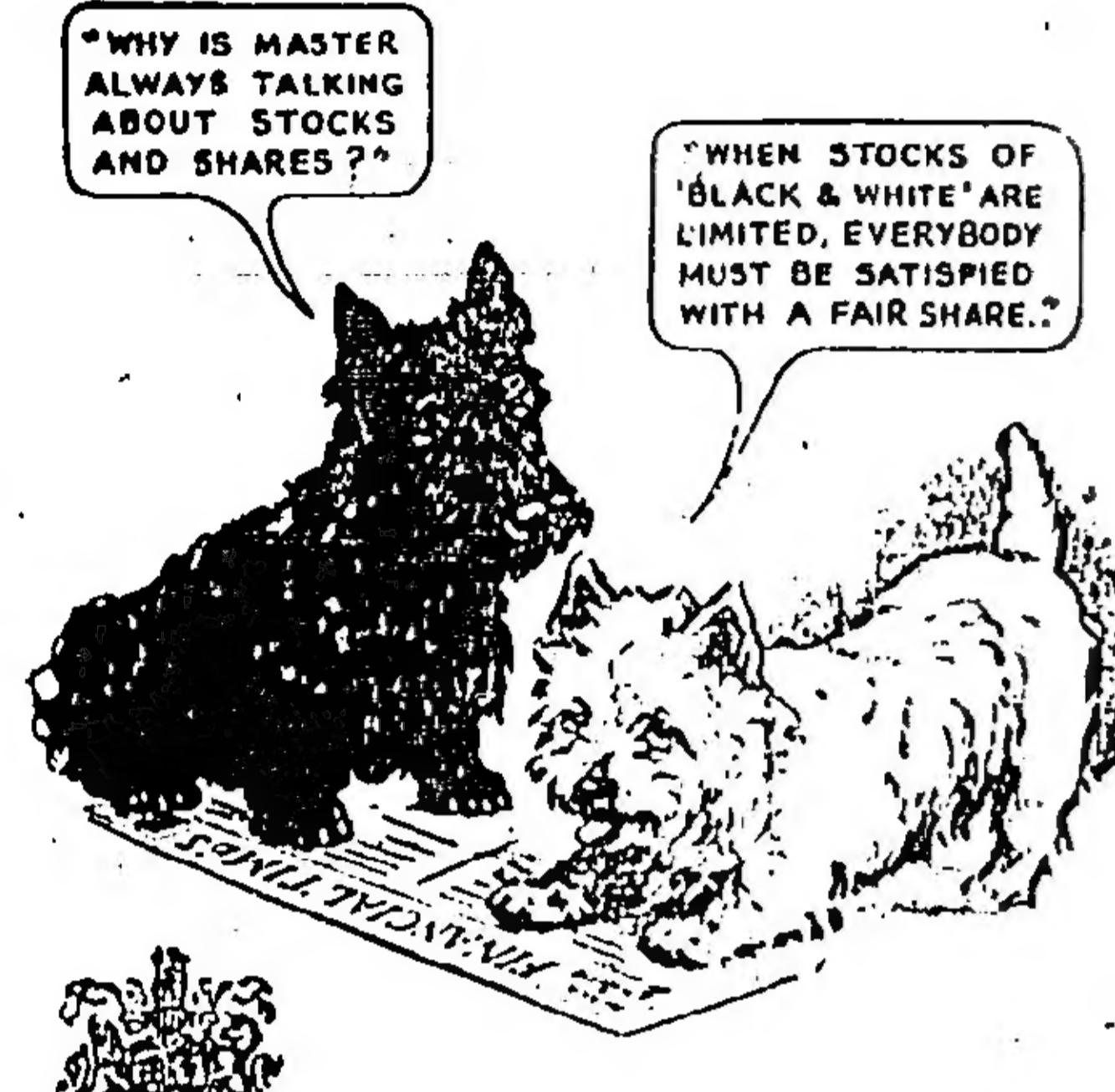
Rainfall: Nil. Total since Jan. 1—42.9 mm.—17.44 ips as against an average of 421.7 mm.—\$8.49 ins.

Reading at 10 a.m. 1000 m.s. 1000 m



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JUDGMENT RESERVED ON CCOC INJUNCTION CASE

Judgment was reserved yesterday by Mr. Justice T. J. Gould (Puisane Judge), on the application by certain members of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce for an interlocutory injunction to restrain the Chinese Chamber of Commerce from electing members of the Committee and Supervisory Committee in contravention of the provisions of Article 32 of the Articles of Association and to restrain any persons so elected as members of such Committee and Supervisory Committee from acting in such capacity.

Alternatively, the plaintiffs claimed a declaration that defendants should not have postponed consideration of applications from proposed new members until after the elections for the new Committee.

Mr. Leo d'Almada K.C. for defendants said the Articles of the Chamber were drafted in Chinese by a Committee appointed for the purpose. The rendering of the Chinese version into English was arranged through Messrs. Lo and Lo and that was the only connection which the latter had, with the articles.

The only reason why the meeting was held in May and not in April was the mistake in time required for notice of the meeting. There was no question of bad faith or any sinister motive.

If the meeting had been held in April with three weeks' notice, the plaintiffs would not be in court. The meeting would have been held in exactly the same conditions, that is, without the admission of the 3,000 candidates of membership, insofar as the chamber was concerned.

Mr. d'Almada asked the Court to decide for itself whether it is in the circumstances of the case, a declaration such as sought by the plaintiffs would serve any useful purpose.

In declaratory judgments, the Court exercised its discretion with great caution and would not make a declaration without any useful purpose. It would not grant a declaration when it was merely asked for without substantial relief and the same principles would apply in connection with an injunction. The Court would not grant an injunction unless it was just as well as convenient.

No Time

There was no question of bad faith. There was no reason why a meeting to elect officers should be declared invalid and that any persons appointed by that meeting should be injunctioned from acting merely because the Committee had refused to do certain things before sending out notices for the purposes of holding the meeting. This argument was a complete non sequitur.

In their discretion, the Committee had decided that the 3,000 applications could not be examined before the new Committee was elected. There was no time to scan the applications without holding up the annual meeting and that it would be detrimental to the real interests of the Chamber.

The legal right of 3,000 prospective members of a company to have themselves admitted as members before any meeting of the Company was held at all was queried by Mr. d'Almada. There was no question of the meeting having been called for any particular purpose and postponed without the power to postpone.

The Articles of the Chamber only enjoined that the Standing Committee should do certain things at certain times, but there was no Standing Committee and there was still no such Committee. The argument that the meeting was held in order to prevent possible members from voting was too far-fetched.

Referring to the affidavits of Tung Chung-wai and Lui Yam-shuen regarding the meeting of the Executive Committee held on Apr. 19, when it was decided that fresh notices of the meeting should be sent, Mr. d'Almada said that as Lui then gave no vote against the holding of the meeting on May 19, he should be stopped now from objecting to the annual meeting being held on that date. By reason of one of the complainants' acquiescence to the meeting being held on May 19, he and the rest of his co-complainants were estopped from voting now.

There was no real relief asked for insofar as the real complaint of the plaintiffs was concerned. If the Court made the declaration

Today—
United Services Recreation Club
Dance, 9 p.m.
Kowloon Cricket Club Dance,
Inter-Member Night Fete,
Victoria Recreation Club,
9.30 p.m.

Coming Events
TOMORROW—
Cocktail Party, Diocesan School
Old Boys Association, at Chinese Club, Bank of Canton
Blk. 0.30-8.30 p.m.
Chinese Recorded Concert, "Fox H Club, Talbot House, 50 Macdonnell Road, 8.30 p.m.
Talk by Mr. L. Starbuck, at European Y.M.C.A., 8.30 p.m.

was enjoined by Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon yesterday on the summons of speeding in Nathan Road, and passing a vehicle on the left side, on April 20.

Defendant was described by an Officer as the personal driver of the Officer-in-Charge and must, therefore, be a very careful driver. He was stated to have been in the Services since 1946 and possessed a clean driving record and a good character.

Traffic Sub-Inspector Donald Brown said that defendant's jeep was followed down Waterloo Road. When it entered Nathan Road (a controlled area) it was traveling 30 miles and decelerated to 24 mph. up to the junction of Gascoigne Road, when it was obstructed by a cyclist and slowed down.

Mrs. A.J. Reed's Funeral

A large gathering attended the funeral of Mrs. Rita da Silva Reed aged 70, widow of the late A.J. Reed at the Catholic Cemetery last evening. Rev. Fr. Calzini officiated.

Mrs. Reed lost four of her sons, Edgar, Arthur, Stephen and Francis during the occupation. They were members of the H.K.V.D.C. and were killed in action.

If they did not remain in office and no one else was elected, there would be no one to manage the affairs of the Chamber. If they continued in office, they might continue to refuse to consider the application, that is, assuming they acted with the greatest of bad faith. The third possibility was that they might resign en bloc and if this course were adopted, there must be new officers elected somehow to take their places.

This election of new officers in these circumstances would be carried out by the same members of the Chamber without any possibility of any of the 3,000 applicants being elected first. If the present Committee resigned there would be no one to consider the applications and the Court could not compel any of them to consider the applications at any date.

The remedy lay with the Chamber itself and it all came back to the question of internal management. The business of election of the Supervisory Committee and Committee of the Chamber was going on at present. When the officers were elected the present Committee automatically ceased to function.

If the Court made a declaration in the terms of the application, the company would be without any officers at all. The present Committee would be defunct and the new Committee would be debarred from acting and there would be no one to manage the Chamber.

In reply, Mr. H.G. Sheldon K.C. said that the test was whether the company should be the plaintiff or whether the individual had the right to sue and whether the company could cure the defect by a simple majority. There was no authority which upheld a breach of the Article which, of course, could not be cured by a majority vote. All the cases cited concerned companies and organizations formed for gain, and, therefore, naturally any complaint by any member of the company involved some pecuniary loss or damage.

On the other hand, those disloyal government servants or collaborators who stayed and worked for the Japanese for the whole occupation period will get benefit. They received pay from the Japanese Government and servants, mostly Chinese,

will get only 22 months, it leaves much to be reconsidered by the local government. Let us point out this unfair treatment. To our recollection, no officer differs from us in Kukong and Kwelien in Free China and Macao after the occupation of the Colony, of which Mr. P.C.M. Sedgwick was the head of the Department. Verbal information and broadcast were means to encourage and induce the government servants to leave the enemy-occupied Colony. So they all gave up their flats, including some bulky belongings and furniture and raised their own travelling expenses to return to the Allied territory. When the patriotic government servants arrived in Free China, they were given 10 months' pay and later monthly ad hoc allowances. In Macao, they were granted monthly maintenance fund according to the number of heads of the family. During the war, we were given to understand that all sum were to be treated as relief sum from the British Government, and in some cases we had to wait for a long time for the relief money outside the relief offices as beggars in the streets. As a result of the recent announcement, we found that out of 10 who went to China and Macao drew more than 22 months' pay. If we were not under the information and impression that the money was purely a relief money which would not be deducted in future, we certainly would not be advised or persuaded by the high Embassy officials to draw any sum. We doubt that the wartime policy

is quite ridiculous to mention that the Hong Kong Government in Free China deducted a certain number of months pay from the 10 months' pay from those who arrived in China and reported by the B.A.A.G. that they had worked for the enemy before their departure, they all receive 22 months' pay now!

It is very obvious that the government's action is simply to deduct all the money from those patriotic and refugee government servants in order to make up the 22 months' pay for the collaborators. Frankly speaking, it is punishment and disappointment to those who went to China and Macao and on the contrary, an award to those who stayed and worked for the Japs.

It is now hoped unanimously that the government will either reconsider the whole question with a view to decreasing the total deduction so that those who drew money in Free China or Macao may get some balance instead of having a debt to the Government or to deduct some pay from those who worked for the enemy in Hong Kong. We can foretell that in case of a third war, all government servants will become enemy collaborators for the sake of earning the accumulated generous awards from the Government.

We hope that all those who returned to China or Macao may join us and take action to make a protest and appeal to the government for reconsideration of this unreasonable and unfair treatment. It is too mean that government will deduct relief money from their pay servants' pay. If relief money is going to be treated as a debt, then no one will approach the Tung Wah Hospital or other charitable institutions for financial help.

A.W.P.

At its next meeting on Tuesday, the Rotary Club of Hong Kong will be addressed by Rotarian Chu Cheng-ling, on "The Stamp Design and the Mirror of History." The meeting will take place in the Roof Garden of the Hong Kong Hotel at 10.30 p.m.

POP



European Brothel Patrons

When Inspector T. Collins and Det. 283 raided 324 Battery Street, second floor, at 1.40 a.m. yesterday, they found Poon Shu, 34-year-old widow, five European males and six Chinese prostitutes on the premises which comprised the front verandah, four cubicles, and a cloakroom under the staircase.

The girls told the Police that they paid \$1 each to the woman as commission.

Admitting the charge of keeping a brothel, Poon was fined \$250 (or six weeks' imprisonment) when she appeared before Mr. W. H. Latimer later in the morning.

On Inspector J. Orem applying for a recommendation for dismissal the Magistrate said that he would leave the matter to the Police.

LEARNER-DRIVERS MUST USE "L" PLATES

The necessity of learner-drivers being accompanied by licensed drivers and of carrying "L" plates on their vehicles was again emphasised by Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon yesterday.

SAILORS' HOME APPEAL

An appeal for support for the Sailors' Home and Missions to Seamen has been made by the Chairman of the Committee, the Hon. Mr. D. F. Landale.

Mr. Landale addresses his appeal not only to the public but to shipping companies and allied interests in particular, for funds to assist the Society in its efforts on behalf of the welfare of merchant seamen visiting Hong Kong.

The appeal states that much of the Society's property was damaged during the war, the pre-war Endowment Fund has been expended and there was a loss of \$52,000 on last year's working.

Merchant shipping plays a principal role in the commercial life and prosperity of the Colony. Mr. Landale says "and we would be failing in our obligations were we not to provide, adequately, for the welfare and comfort of the seamen of all nationalities who pass through Hong Kong."

Donations should be sent to Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews, Merchantile Bank Building.

Correspondence

Patriotic Servants

Sir.—With regard to the recent announcement by the Government about the occupation period by non-interned government servants, a great majority of patriotic government servants feel astonished while many enemy collaborators feel happy. Putting away the question of racial discrimination, that the European government servants got 44 months and the Asiatic government servants (mostly Chinese)

of relieving government servants was a false and cheating gesture

and has now proved to be quite unreliable and the present action is absolutely against the original principle mentioned in Free China.

On the other hand, those disloyal government servants or collaborators who stayed and worked for the Japanese for the whole occupation period will get benefit. They received pay from the Japanese Government and servants, mostly Chinese,

will get only 22 months, it leaves much to be reconsidered by the local government.

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A.W.P.

Personalia

Crol Hunter, president and general manager of Northwest Airlines, who visited the Far East last year, has been named to an important committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

His appointment to Transportation and Communication committee of the Chamber was announced by Earl O. Shreve of Washington, D.C., president of the group. Hunter will serve on the committee for one year.

Dr. T.V. Soong, Governor of Kwangtung, and Mrs. Soong are expected to arrive in the Colony today from Canton on a two-day private visit. Chinese quarters sold yesterday.

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ORIENTAL THEATRE
MONDAY, JUNE 11TH
BY POPULAR REQUEST

KAI TAK — "ONE OF LARGEST AIRPORTS AND THE WORST"

Interesting sidelights on airline operations in Hong Kong were given by Mr. F. W. Kendall, General Manager of P.A.L., in a talk before Kowloon Rotary yesterday.

Kai Tak, one of the largest international airports in the world, and admittedly the worst, handled last month 1,334 civilian plane arrivals and take-offs, or an average of 44 planes a day. In addition there were RAF planes, the number of which was not small.

A total of 11,125 passengers arrived, and 9,005 left, making a total of 21,000 odd, during the month of May.

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Written by OSCAR HOMOLKA
Directed by OSCAR HOMOLKA
Produced by OSCAR HOMOLKA

WATCH FOR THE OPENING DATE.



WATSON'S

SARSOE

RIP KIRBY



Training College Admission

Applications for admission in September to the Northcote Training College for Teachers will be accepted on the recognised forms which can be obtained from the Education Department, Windsor House (3rd Floor) or from the Principal, Northcote Training College.

Mr. Kendall attributed this clean record to the able and efficient administration of the airport and the extra precaution exercised by pilots forewarned of its dangerous approach.

It was not an infrequent occurrence for eight to 10 planes to circle over Kai Tak for anything from half an hour to an hour, waiting for their turn to land.

When weather conditions were bad, planes arriving here and finding it impossible to land, would bypass Hong Kong and fly on to the next stop.

For an international airport of Kai Tak's importance, with the volume of traffic it has to tackle, the Hong Kong Government was admittedly behind the times in keeping abreast of developments, said Mr. Kendall.

The speaker drew attention to the complaint of congestion at the airport terminal building where the airlines had great difficulty in working out their own passengers.

The Customs and Immigration authorities, however, did their job well and efficiently.

The airlines had often been blamed for delays and other inconveniences caused to passengers, but it was seldom realised that passengers themselves contributed largely to hold-ups.

Red Tape

Cases frequently cropped up where passengers were found to carry contraband or unmanifested cargo in luggage, and bearing in mind the great pressure in operation of so many planes daily it could easily be imagined what dislocations of time such discoveries and resultant delays meant to general schedule.

The airlines had an immense amount of formalities to carry through, and Mr. Kendall instanced one occasion when on a flight to San Francisco 60 copies of a certain document had to be prepared.

The International Air Transport Association, an international body of airline operators with a present membership of 70, including BOAC and Air France, were endeavouring to secure a simplification of air travel formalities, and it was expected that through their efforts lower passage rates and greater comfort in air travel would be achieved.

The speaker was thanked by Club President Mr. F. C. Cleo, Rotarian A. W. Ingram from Hong Kong, and Messrs. W. J. Moore, Donald Malcolm and A. Raymond (guests) were welcomed by the President.

Victor Gutierrez Buried

Before a large gathering of relatives and friends the late Victor Antonio Gutierrez, 24-year-old son of Mr. J. A. Gutierrez, was solemnly laid to rest at the Catholic Cemetery, Happy Valley, yesterday evening. Rev. Father Calzini officiated at the Chapel and graveside.

Among those attending were the chief mourners Mr. J. A. Gutierrez and E. A. Gutierrez, brother of deceased Mrs. C. A. Verlysen and family, Mrs. M. Jimenez, Mr. A. A. Castilho, Mr. Sammy Marcal, Mrs. Francis Marcal, Mr. Alex Gutierrez, Flora Gutierrez, Charlie Gutierrez and Willie Gutierrez, Mr. and Mrs. J. Abraham.

Donors of wreaths included Mrs. Verlysen and family, Mr. F. W. Reid, Mr. Joseph Ho, South China Morning Post, Ltd., Mr. Albert M. Tye, Mr. G. S. Edwards, Mr. W. C. Low, Mr. A. A. Castilho, Mr. F. Hoffman and Mr. H. Hoffman.

Brothel Ring Leader Jumps Bail

Mr. F. X. d'Almada at Central Magistracy yesterday issued a warrant for the arrest of Li Sam-mul, 30, alleged ringleader of a brothel at No. 10 Swatow Street, who jumped \$500 bail on a charge of keeping a brothel.

A 58-year-old woman, Au Siew-ying, who admitted being the keeper, was charged on her own admission and fined \$50 or 10 days.

Inspector Moran informed the Court that after Li was released on bail she attempted to entice a girl, whom she had told the Court at the first hearing, she would call as a witness. Li was believed by police to be hiding in Macao.

Au, the prosecution stated, had promised the police that she would do her utmost to help them break up the racket in Wan Chai. She had informed the police, the prosecution said, that under threats from the alleged ring leader, Li, she had to accept \$4 per day to bear all responsibilities in the event of police interference.

He quoted a passage stating that the Chief Justice disapproved

PERJURY CHARGE HELD PREMATURE

Mr. M. K. Lo, appearing for Keki Edulji Mogra, 45-year-old Parsee merchant, of No. 13, Caine Road, first floor, charged with "perjury by witness in judicial proceedings," asked at Central Magistracy yesterday for a dismissal of what he emphatically termed "premature proceedings" against his client.

Counsel contended that a dismissal now would not prevent the police from taking fresh proceedings against defendant after the current civil proceedings wherein the alleged perjury resulted had been concluded.

He emphasised that the criminal proceedings brought against his client were now premature.

Concluding his address, counsel urged that the Magistrate "signify or indicate" that the defendant should be discharged.

Mr. F. X. d'Almada adjourned hearing for a week, while he sought directions from the Chief Justice regarding the case.

Defendant was remanded a week on \$5,000 bail.

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APB22.

MURDER INVESTIGATION NETS ALLEGED ROBBER

How inquiries conducted by Det.-Sgt. 288 Chu

Sum into a murder and kidnapping at Lau

Fau Shan led to the arrest of defendant was

related by Det. Sub-Inspector D. H. Taylor

when Lower Court proceedings against Ngo

Loi-san alias Chan Foi (25) on the charge

of armed robbery were taken by Mr. W. H.

Latimer at Kowloon yesterday.

At the conclusion of the

Crown case, defendant was

committed for trial.

At 10 a.m. on Jan. 24, said DS

Taylor, Chan Po-lai, master of a

bout, was engaged by a Chinese

at Shui Mun Tau, Un Long, to

convey him and a sack of cigarettes

to Nam Tau, Chinese terri-

tory across Deep Bay from Lau

Fau Shan.

An hour and a half later when

the boat was off Tsui Po Tsui,

Mong Cheng, a Hoklo boat went

alongside Chan's craft and two

men, armed with revolvers,

boarded the boat. They searched

the passenger, Chan, his son, and

his wife, Chan Chor-fan, but took

nothing. They took the sack of

cigarettes and ordered Chan to

steer his boat to Nam Tau.

About 8.30 a.m. the following

day Det. Chan Mui was on patrol

duty along the main road near

the Sun village when he saw a

few Chinese whose behaviour

roused his suspicions. On his

approaching them the Chinese ran

away. The detective found three

sacks of cigarettes which were

confiscated by Mr. K. Keen the

following day.

According to Sub-Inspector J.S.

Howard, complainant occupied a

house in the passageway of the

hut. Defendant and his wife

lived in a cubicle.

When charged, defendant

denied that he had indecently

assaulted the girl, adding that he

had a wife and that his aunt was

sleeping with the complainant at

the time of the alleged offence.

After corroborative evidence

by Chan, his folk, CI MacHardy,

and the detective, Mr. Wong

Hing-lam, interpreter, testified to

having read the charge to accused

and to having taken down his

cautioned statement and reply to

the charge. Accused, alleged witness, replied, "I admit."

The statement, added witness,

was taken in the presence of DS

Taylor.

Accused, from the dock, denied

having had the charge read over

to him and to having admitted

the count. He stated that he

was simply told by the interpreter

to sign the form.

More Of An Error

Finding the offence more of a

miscalculation than carelessness,

Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon

yesterday fined Choy Loy of 28

Argyle Street, third floor, \$15 on

the summons of driving without

due care and attention in Water-

loo Road.

Traffic Sub-Inspector D. Brown

said that defendant's car was

proceeding up Waterloo Road be-

hind a Sanitary Department van.

At Boundary Street junction de-

fendant intended to turn left. So

had the driver of the van.

Defendant started to overtake

the van just before the turn,

under the impression that the van

was proceeding straight along the

road. When he saw the van be-

ginning to turn, Choy shot his

car forward and collided with a

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MALAN APPOINTS MODERATE NATIVE AFFAIRS MINISTER ANNOUNCEMENT OF NEW CABINET

Pretoria, June 3.
Dr. E. G. Jansen, a 67 year old lawyer and a moderate Nationalist, becomes Minister for Native Affairs in the new South African Government announced by the new Prime Minister, Dr. Daniel Malan, the Nationalist leader, tonight.

Dr. Jansen represents the Vryheid district of Natal Province, home of the predominant section of the Indian community in South Africa.

Dr. Jansen was Minister of Native Affairs from 1929 to 1933 in the earlier Nationalist Cabinet. He was Speaker of the House of Assembly from 1924 to 1929 and again from 1933 to 1943 when he lost his seat in the wartime general elections.

He then became editor of the Nationalist weekly, New Era, until he recaptured the Vryheid constituency in a by-election in 1946.

The Premier, Dr. Malan, also becomes Minister for External Affairs. The other Ministers, in addition to Dr. Malan and Dr. Jansen, are:

Finance—Mr. Nicholas Christian Havenga.

Lands—Mr. J. G. Strydom, Justice—Mr. Charles Roberts Swart.

Transport—Mr. Paul Oliver Sauer.

Health, Education & Social Affairs—Dr. Albert Jacobus Stals.

Economic Development and Mines—Mr. Eric Hendrik Louw.

Interior and Posts—and Telegraphs—Dr. Theophilus Donges.

Defence—Mr. F. C. Erasmus, Labour and Public Works—Mr. Barend Jacobus Schoeman, Agriculture and Forestry—Mr. P. Le Roux.

Mr. N. C. Havenga has been leader of the Afrikaner Party—Moderate Nationalists—since the death of his lifelong friend General Hertzog in 1942. He is a former Minister of Finance.

Mr. Charles Roberts Swart is an Advocate of the Supreme Court and leader of the Nationalist Party in the Orange Free State.

Whip And A Wit

Mr. Paul Oliver Sauer, the chief Nationalist Whip, for many years, is known for his witty repartee. Just before the recent elections, he was Chairman of the Nationalist Commission appointed to define "Apartheid"—the Nationalist programme of segregation for non-Europeans.

Dr. Stals is a graduate in law and medicine and has been a Nationalist spokesman on economics, commerce and industry.

Mr. Eric Louw, a lawyer—and merchant by profession, was

US NAVY BILL PASSED

Washington, June 3.—A \$3,686,723,250 Navy Appropriation Bill for the new fiscal year beginning July 1 was passed today by the House of Representatives and sent to the Senate.

The measure increases to \$10,166,672,250 the money voted by the House for defence in a 24-hour period. Yesterday, it sent to the Senate a \$6,000,000,000 money bill for the Army and the Air Forces.

Congress previously had voted about \$3,200 million for aircraft construction.—Reuter.

LIKE CLAIRVOYANCY CARD READING of fine players seems like clairvoyancy to many human mortals. They are unable to realize the mental processes which guide the most skillful to making plays that prove decisive in intricate cases. Yet when explained to them many of the most complicated appearing actions appear simple. Many of them are due to a process of elimination, one inference leading to another until the ultimate deduction shows what is the best thing to do.

S. A K J 6
H. 10 7 4
D. Q 8 3
C. 10 6 5
S. 7 5
H. D 8 6 5
D. K 7 2
C. A Q 7
2
TIDAL WAVE! CONFLICT! EARTHQUAKE! TIBAL WAR! 1000 THRILLS! M-Q-M's

GREEN DOLPHIN STREET
LANA TURNER
VAN HEFLIN · DONNA REED
RICHARD HART
FRANK MORGAN · EDWARD GOREY · GENE MARION
BERNARD RABSON · RALPH CLIFFORD
G. METROPOLITAN BROADWAY PICTURE

(Dealer: East. North - South vulnerable)
East South West North
Pass Pass Pass 1 C
1 D. 1 S. 2 D. Pass
Pass 3 C. Pass
What a gingerly bidding! North opened with that 1-Club because it was a match point pair-duplicate and he felt the chances were about 51 per cent to 49 that the side would get a plus instead of a minus if he did so. His reason was because he held four cards, including real strength, of spades and three cards in the next-ranking suit of spades and three cards in the next-ranking hearts. He had to go carefully after that thought.

East and West proved a bit too easy. One film, however, did set him a trick to give him a minus

Denial of A Rumour

Washington, June 3.
Mr. Paul Hoffman, Economic Cooperation Administrator, today denied American press reports that his organization contemplated "subsidies" to American newspapers and magazines which favoured the Marshall Plan and circulating in Europe.

But he said about \$15 million would be used for conversion of local currencies into dollars by both American publishers and film distributors.—Reuter.

Malay In Australia Incident

Sydney, June 3.
A Malay seaman, Ibrahim Ahmet, who disappeared shortly before his deportation last February, was arrested last month while working as an agricultural labourer, and has been sent to gaol for three weeks. It was revealed today.

In January, Ahmet married an Australian woman, Mrs. Charlotte Christie, who is now ill and whose friends are unable to obtain the release of Ahmet from gaol.

The Government will probably be unable to deport Ahmet before the British steamer, Marlin, leaves here at the end of July.

The Reverend Alan Walker, Executive Member of the World Council of Churches, said that the Government's action against Ahmet would rightly provoke a wave of resentment in Malaysia.

If the Federal Government is deliberately setting out to make enemies of our eastern neighbours this is the way to do it," he said.—Reuter.

YUGOSLAV YOUTH CONSCRIPTED

Belgrade, June 3.
A Government decree today established compulsory pre-military training for youths from the age of 17.

The decree said that all citizens "must be fit to defend the Fatherland's independence and freedom."

Government officials refused to elaborate on the charges against Sareton Zujevic who was removed from his post as Secretary General of the National Front.

Zujevic, formerly Communications Minister and Minister of Finance in Marshal Tito's Government, was stripped of his rank of Colonel General. A decree in the official "Gazette" published yesterday said the action was taken "owing to his work against

the people whereby he damaged the interests of our country and dignity of a high ranking officer of the Yugoslav Army."

Compulsory military training according to today's announcement will start in schools and villages. Women up to 27 may be called for special and technical duties connected with the defence of the State.

Fines up to 20,000 dinars (\$400) and three months' hard labour are authorised for those evading service.—United Press.

BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay

"The Authority on Authorities"

instead of a plus. The diamond K got the first trick, the J the second, and East then cleverly refrained from laying down the A. Instead he led the heart 2, the Q winning, and then the A was played, followed by the spade 3 to the K, the diamond Q ruffed, the spade 8 to the A and the club 5 to the K and A.

Now came—the crisis—West reckoned if South had the club J with the four shown by his bid, he would have played it instead of the K; hence East had it. The natural return of a heart would have given South a ruff. An ensuing club lead, if won by the J, would end-play East, obliging him to make a red card lead causing a ruff-and-discard; overtaking of the J by the Q would set up dummy's 10, just as bad. So to the instant trick she led the club 2, which the J won. Now the heart 3 return, ruffed, put South where he had to finish by losing the setting trick in clubs to the Q.

Tomorrow's Problem

S. J. H. A. 10 9 6 5 4
D. J. 10 9 3
C. 7 6

S. Q. 10 9 6 4 2
N. H. J. 8 7
W. E. D. 6 2
D. K. Q. 5 4
C. A. K. Q

S. K. 7 5 3
H. 3 2
D. A. 7 5
C. 10 9 3 2

(Dealer: West—East-West—vulnerable)

How should East play for 4-Spades? After South leads the club 2?

Syrian Break With France

Damascus, June 3.
Syria has decided to "liquidate all relations with France, monetary and otherwise," Jamil Mardam Bey, the Syrian Prime Minister, announced here today.

He made this comment on a Lebanese report that Syria was contemplating a monetary agreement with France, negotiations over which broke down last February.

"We will not reverse our decision," the Premier told reporters. The Arabs resented the French "pro-Jewish manoeuvres," he said.

(Syria withdrew the Syrian pound from the franc area on February 1. Jamil Mardam then stated that during the four months' financial negotiations between France, Syria and the Lebanon, France had agreed to economic concessions and had given Syria and the Lebanon until the end of January to accept. The Lebanon accepted, but Syria refused).—Reuter.

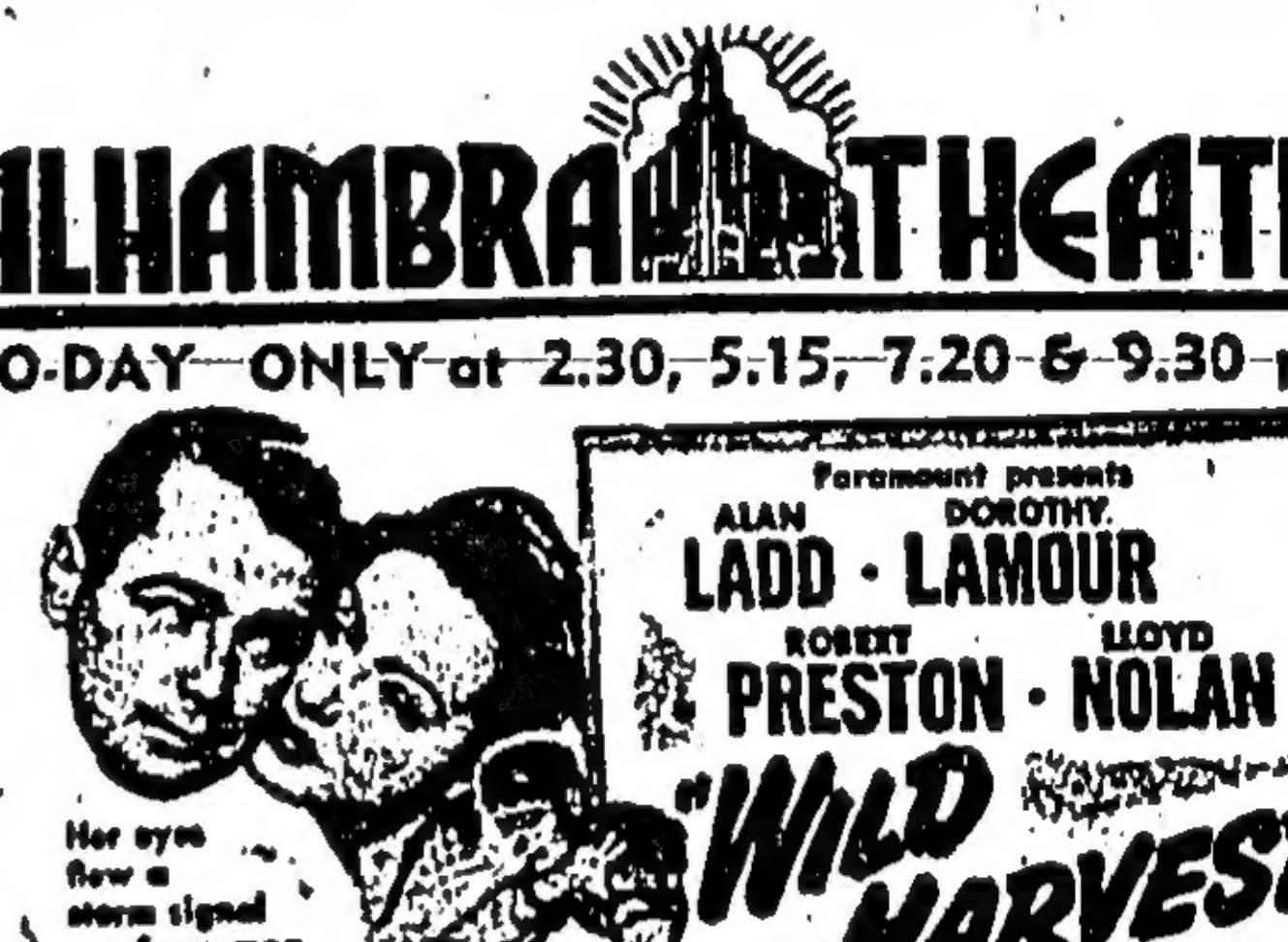
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NEXT CHANGE "PICCADILLY INCIDENT"

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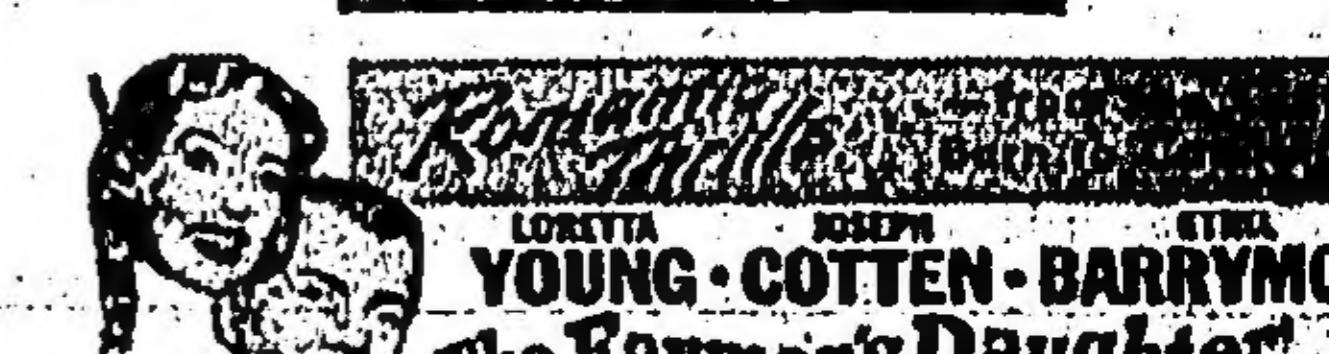
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WEDDING

MAIER-CHAVES:—Mr. & Mrs. C. H. Chaves announce the forthcoming marriage of their daughter, Dolinda Socorro, to William Maher on Sunday, 3 p.m., June 13, at St. Theresa's Church, Kowloon. No invitations are being issued but all friends and relatives are cordially invited to the wedding and subsequent reception at 280, Prince Edward Road, Kowloon.

MARSHALL AID
CUTS

The suggestion that the funds to be made available for Marshall Aid in Europe and Asia may be drastically cut, at this stage, is illustrative of the tremendous handicap the United States faces, militating against international confidence. To inspire such confidence, a country's foreign policy must be stable and calculable; it should not be exposed to sudden changes of front and to irresponsible statements made chiefly with an eye to their effect on pressure groups at home. It is because of these defects in U.S. diplomacy that foreign observers are sometimes inclined to doubt whether American statesmen will pursue a steady course of action, while the division of powers between the Government and Congress is a distinct source of uncertainty. At times it is difficult to know what American policy is, whether a Cabinet Minister is speaking for himself or for his country. It is alleged, for instance that Mr. Truman's policy on Palestine is not that of Mr. Marshall, and it may be that vacillations shown by the U.S. delegates at Lake Success were due to differences within the Government. There is lack of maturity also in U.S. conduct of foreign affairs, which is probably explained by the limited experience of some of those in high places. Mr. Truman, it has been complained, has regarded the Palestine issue from the point of view of a local politician; his anxiety to retain the Jewish vote may be good tactics in an election year, but such calculations show a disturbing failure to understand the complicated international situation. The action of Congress in whittling at Marshall aid can have similarly harmful effects.

Curiosity

One of the most interesting and amusing weekly features of the American news-magazine "Time" gives details, under the general heading "Americana," of freakish believe-it-or-not incidents occurring throughout the United States. A somewhat similar feature, in its aim, if not in style of presentation, is to be found in "The New Statesman and Nation" of London, under the head "This England." We doubt however whether either of them has yet been able to record anything quite so bizarre as the little affair at Stanley Gaol, in which rival gangs of prisoners were brought together and persuaded to bury the hatchet and end a long-standing feud. It is not our purpose to criticise the event or suggest that the situation could have been more successfully managed and with greater dignity by the adoption of other methods. But it certainly seems that a policy of "When in Rome do as Romans do" can produce some very curious situations.

Spain's Plight

It is inevitable today that the New World should be called in to redress the

WE STRUGGLED 30
YEARS IN PALESTINE

WE FAILED, but could we have done a better job. Could we have done better by both Jews and Arabs. J. L. HAYS, our special correspondent gives what he believes

to be the answer.

when every Jew in Europe was a real or potential refugee from Nazism, with the National Home in Palestine shining out like a beacon of hope across the Mediterranean.

The Jews will never forgive us for the White Paper—although because of World War 2 it never was implemented as strictly as intended. It was because of the White Paper that the terrorists first drew their guns against the British.

But we don't leave Palestine empty-handed of achievement, and this is the point over which future historians will linger longest.

Despite all the difficulties, of heavy revenues diverted to security services of an administration often necessarily geared down to the lowest section of the population, we have accomplished much of which to be proud.

Figures do not matter in a land so far away, but we have built roads and railways, made Haifa one of the Mediterranean's greatest ports, enabled the plough to return to thousands of acres left wastefully barren. Disease-ridden and poverty-stricken when the Turks left, the Palestine Arab now has a higher standard of life than any of his Moslem brothers.

No Unity

Both yearned ardently for independence, for national entity. Both were equally easily moved by rhetoric—and obsessed by fears of domination by either side.

National Home

The first lines of the Palestine tragedy went down on a sheet of Foreign Office paper on November 2, 1917, when Lord (then Mt. A.) Balfour, Foreign Minister in Lloyd George's Coalition, wrote to Lord Rothschild, then the most influential figure in world Zionism:

"His Majesty's Government view with favour the establishment in Palestine of a national home for the Jewish people and will use their best endeavours to facilitate the achievement of this object, it being clearly understood nothing shall be done which may prejudice the civil and religious rights of existing non-Jewish communities in Palestine or the rights and political status enjoyed by Jews in any other country."

This was the Balfour Declaration about which we much has been heard through the years, but about which so little generally is known. It was the beginning of our 30 turbulent, irritating, frustrating, vicious years in the Holy Land.

Arabs Refused

The Jews assumed to see in the Declaration a pledge by Britain to make a Jewish National Home out of Palestine. They used the phrase "Palestine is to be come as Jewish as England is English."

The Arabs refused to recognise the Declaration. They saw in it—and still do—threats of Jewish political and economic domination and the submergence of their traditional way of life. From the very first, as we saw our task under the mandate (which embodied the Balfour Declaration), it was to establish a regime which would be of equal benefit to both peoples, and at the same time assist the creation of a Jewish National Home by developing the existing Jewish community in Palestine by immigration and with the assistance of Jews all over the world. We hoped also to bring the Jews and Arabs—two sides of the same coin—into a common cause, to help each other, to understand the complicated international situation. The action of Congress in whittling at Marshall aid can have similarly harmful effects.

Even so, with any two other peoples in the world they might have worked. But with the Arabs ... we didn't have a chance.

Our two main difficulties were: (1) Within a single regime we had to provide simultaneously for the Arabs, im-

\$40,725,000 worth of coal, and in fourth place, \$28,745,320 in commitments for animal and vegetable fibres, including cotton, wool, silk, mohair and so forth.

Other commitments were: meals \$12,250,000, other foods \$4,123,614, linseed, fats and oils \$21,040,000, fertilizers \$1,250,000, oil, coke and metal \$1,007,000, metals \$380,155, dyes and chemicals \$842,000, tobacco \$710,000, seeds \$148,000, petroleum products \$173,791.

China has been authorized to buy \$4,132,020 worth of rice and \$1,100,000 worth of wheat flour.

United Press.

United States, which has a complex task. It has to fight and annihilate the guerrillas to protect the peasants and their arms, which are the backbone of the national economy; and it has to make contact with lots of enemy territory, rescuing women and children from the hands of the guerrillas before they can be deported over the frontier.

Many times the guerrillas use the hostages as a human shield. Disrupting communications hinders the army's attacks over the incredibly broken country, are thousands of mines sown with cunning and efficiency by

the guerrillas.

The Greek army has a complex task. It has to fight and annihilate the guerrillas to protect the peasants and their arms, which are the backbone of the national economy; and it has to make contact with lots of enemy territory, rescuing women and children from the hands of the guerrillas before they can be deported over the frontier.

It remained for the Americans to specialise the equipment and organisation so as to deal with the actual task facing the Greek—the annihilation of the Communist guerrilla army on Greek soil, and the elimination of the threat to Greece and the Mediterranean from Russia's Communist tools.

Greece provides the men; we and America have been providing the means and the money. Now the days of Markos' Communist guerrilla army are numbered.

This Is Fighting
In Greece

By KEITH AND ELISABETH BUTLER

In one hospital we visited, out of sixty-five wounded cases, forty-eight were from mines. The 132,000-men Greek army is fighting a cunning and merciless foe.

From Janina airfield the following day we set off by jeep and armoured car convoy for Filikis, guerrilla-ridden country along the Albanian border.

At the eighteenth kilometre the officer in the leading armoured car suddenly took aim with hissten gun at some object out of sight to us.

From our jeep to Sintista, headquarters of the Second Division—troops who have fought continuously since they left Athens in September 1940. Yard by yard they have fought a bitter, treacherous war over the wild mountain ranges of Agrafa, Hassia and Pherria, up to the Grammos mountain stronghold in the Grammos range along the Albanian frontier.

Heavy Losses

Losses are heavy in this kind of fighting, especially among the officers. In two days one battalion lost fifteen dead, nineteen wounded and thirty-one out of action with frostbite. So many officers have been lost that one captain does the operations planning previously done by a major and three assistants.

He May Be Right

For nearly all Jewish development, the Jews claim credit. The population has increased seven times in 25 years. Jewish communal farming and citrus-growing is a world legend. In the industrial belt around Tel Aviv, the only all-Jewish city in the world, built in our time and now housing 100,000 people, products worth £40,000,000 are turned out yearly.

The Palestine Jew has the highest standard of living in the Middle East.

The Jew will tell you that Jewish brains, drive and money are alone responsible. He may be right, but at least we did create the necessary political and economic conditions in which he flourished. It may be his monument to his own people, but the foundation is British.

We could have done a better job in Palestine if the Arabs and Jews had let us. We could have done much more for both sides. But, even so, I think we did enough to earn a verdict from history which will run something like this: "They had a hell of a job from the beginning, but they didn't do too badly all the same."

White Paper

From this policy sprang the White Paper of 1939, which restricted Jewish immigration and land-buying operations at a time

ECA ACTIVITIES
IN EUROPE AID

Washington, June 4.

Food, fuel and clothing have been the Economic Cooperation Administration's major concerns in the first period of European recovery operations.

A recapitulation of ECA activities for the first eight weeks of its existence revealed that it has made total commitments so far of \$208,095,800, including ocean freight charges.

The biggest item for helping 16 Western European nations, the bizonal area of Germany and China to get back on an economic foundation has been cereals.

The ECA Administrator, Paul G. Hoffman, announced that \$73,521,215 worth of wheat and \$22,032,477 worth of wheat flour have been authorized so far. In second place of needed commodities was

meals \$12,250,000, other foods \$4,123,614, linseed, fats and oils \$21,040,000, fertilizers \$1,250,000, oil, coke and metal \$1,007,000, metals \$380,155, dyes and chemicals \$842,000, tobacco \$710,000, seeds \$148,000, petroleum products \$173,791.

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United Press.

CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



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BRITISH EMBARGO ON ARMS

Shipments To Middle East Forbidden

ARAB STATES AFFECTED: ALL LICENCES REVOKED

London, June 3. Britain tonight clamped an absolute embargo on all arms shipments to the Middle East, in accordance with the May 30 resolution of the Security Council calling for a truce in Palestine.

An order of the Board of Trade cuts off war supplies to those countries with which Britain has arms supply treaties. The order covers even such materials as industrial explosives, which could, conceivably, be converted to military uses.

Britain has had an absolute embargo on the supply of arms to either side within Palestine since early in February. This ban did not, however, apply to the Arab States with which Britain has arms supply contracts, and to which shipments continued after February in fulfilment of those contracts.

The spokesman based his charge on the implications of a clause in the truce resolution which states: "During the cease fire the Security Council calls upon all Governments and authorities concerned that, should men of military age be introduced into countries or territories under their control, they should undertake not to mobilise or submit them to military training during the cease fire."

The action of the Board of Trade is in accordance with the third provision of the British-proposed Security Council resolution, adopted last Saturday, calling for a truce in Palestine.

The resolution stipulated that all Governments and authorities concerned should refrain from importing or exporting war material into, or to Palestine and the Arab States during the four-weeks' truce period, sought by the Council.

All Governments of the world were asked, in a clause proposed by the United States and backed by Britain, to assist the United Nations in carrying out this resolution.

All-Embracing

The Board of Trade order revoked all export licences for arms shipment to Egypt, Iraq, Syria, Transjordan, Lebanon, Saudi Arabia and the Yemen.

Included in the order are aircraft, aircraft engines, bombs, shells, mines, grenades, rifles, cartridges, heavy guns, machine guns, flame throwers, torpedoes, and certain war gases.

The Board of Trade announcement said: "For some time licences have been refused for the export of war material to these countries, but this order revokes all licences for the export of explosives, even if destined for industrial use."

Britain's total embargo on the export of arms to the Middle East is in accordance with the Security Council's resolution on the Palestine truce of May 30. It is part of the Government's decision to take all necessary action required by the Security Council's Palestine truce resolution even before the time of the census has been fixed.

Tonight's announcement is the second measure Britain has taken to implement this decision. The first was the decision, announced from Cyprus last night and confirmed by the Foreign Office today, forbidding the departure for Palestine from British territory of any able-bodied Jewish man of military age during the period of the truce.

"Unwarranted"

This decision to bar able-bodied Jewish refugees from leaving Cyprus internment camps for Palestine was described by a spokesman of the Israel Government in Washington today as an "unwarranted violation of the truce resolution of the United Nations Security Council."

The States will themselves decide whether their delegates will be nominated, as proposed by

Talks Called For On Race Problem

Durban, June 4. South African Indians today called on the Government to invite India and Pakistan to a round-table conference on the position of Indians in South Africa.

At the same time, Mr. N. C. Havenga, leader of the Afrikaner Party and a Cabinet Minister-designate, said the new Government would not do anything to harm any section of the population.

Mr. P. R. Pather, leader of the South African Indian organisation (Moderates), said his organisation's working committee would meet next Sunday to discuss a plan to send a deputation to India to urge the acceptance of round-table talks.

"They felt that they would be able to convince the new Prime Minister, Dr. Malan, that a conference offered the best hope of a solution," he said.

This followed a decision by the Natal Indian Congress last night

to London, June 3. The French National Assembly tonight adopted a bill axing 150,000 civil servants, which had threatened the existence of the Premier, M. Robert Schuman's, middle-of-the-road Government.

The bill was adopted by 353 votes against 180. The bill authorised the Government to include a certain number of permanent civil servants among those to be dismissed.

The vote did not remove the basic reason for the present political tension. Those who voted in favour of the measure included the Popular Radicals, the Socialists, the majority of the Moderates, Radicals and Gaullists. Those who voted against included the Communists and a minority of the Radicals, Gaullists and Moderates.

The proposed reduction of the Civil Service had precipitated a crisis in M. Schuman's Coalition Government. Socialists, supported by the Communists, objected to many changes in the legislation guaranteeing stability of employment to regular civil servants—stalwart supporters of the Socialists.—Reuter.

Royal Car's Escape

London, June 3. Wind blew down a large elm tree today onto a car travelling a short distance in front of the Royal car taking the King and Queen and Princess Elizabeth to the races at Epsom Downs.

The Royal car was diverted through a farm and was delayed for two minutes.

Occupants of the damaged car were not injured.—Associated Press.

BLOCKADE OF PALESTINE

Washington, June 3. Egypt has replied to the American protest against the recently-instituted Arab blockade of Palestine, adhering to her original stand, a State Department spokesman said today.

The contents of the original Egyptian note were not disclosed.

The spokesman reiterated that the United States "absolutely does not recognise" the blockade. There was, he said, no news as to the precise efficiency of the blockade apart from the fact that the American ship, Marine Corp., was the last ship to pass through it while two others, with cargoes for Palestine, had been partially unloaded at Alexandria.—Reuter.

RUHR OCCUPATION TO THE LAST

London, June 4. The military forces of the Western powers will remain in the Ruhr, Germany's arsenal in two world wars, after the end of the general occupation, to ensure that its vast steel, coal and armament works will not again threaten the peace of Europe, if the recommendations of the London Conference are adopted.

A "Government" for the three Western Zones, with its own reformed currency, was also proposed by the delegates from the United States and the Western Union powers in their six-weeks' secret talks which ended last night.

A brief communiqué issued tonight announced that the talks had resulted in "agreed recommendations on the whole field."

"These recommendations are being submitted for approval to the Governments concerned. A report of these recommendations will shortly be made public," the communiqué added.

The first step envisaged is the reform of the currency throughout the three Western Zones, probably to become effective next month.

"Unwarranted"

This decision to bar able-bodied Jewish refugees from leaving Cyprus internment camps for Palestine was described by a spokesman of the Israel Government in Washington today as an "unwarranted violation of the truce resolution of the United Nations Security Council."

The States will themselves decide whether their delegates will be nominated, as proposed by

France Wants Army Of 600,000

Paris, June 4. M. Pierre-Henri Teitgen, Minister of the Armed Forces, today called for a standing army of 600,000 men for France.

M. Teitgen said 600,000 men were needed to keep the peace, defend home and colonial soil and to keep order.

To maintain a modern, well-trained army, M. Teitgen told a press conference here, the Government needed:

1. Extension of the obligatory army service corps from one year to 18 months.

2. A minimum budget of 300,000,000 francs for equipment.

3. Consolidation of ground, sea and air forces under a Central High Command.

4. Complete reorganization of military zones so each zone is headed by a commander representing all forces.

5. A new training programme giving special emphasis to the training of officers and non-commissioned officers.

6. A special speeded-up training programme for young men who have not served in the Army during the occupation. Part of this group would be called before the end of the year.

7. The Hague meeting will provide the first opportunity for the Foreign Ministers of Britain, France and Belgium under the terms of the Brussels Treaty which created the Alliance.

The Hague meeting will provide the first opportunity for the Foreign Ministers to survey the whole field of inter-power cooperation since the Brussels Treaty.

The recent six-power talks in Germany, the outcome of Russo-American relations, regional defence planning and the prospects of American guarantees for Western Union defences are the points most likely to influence the Council at this session.—Reuter.

Schuman Axe Bill Passed

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The bill was adopted by 353 votes against 180. The bill authorised the Government to include a certain number of permanent civil servants among those to be dismissed.

The vote did not remove the basic reason for the present political tension. Those who voted in favour of the measure included the Popular Radicals, the Socialists, the majority of the Moderates, Radicals and Gaullists. Those who voted against included the Communists and a minority of the Radicals, Gaullists and Moderates.

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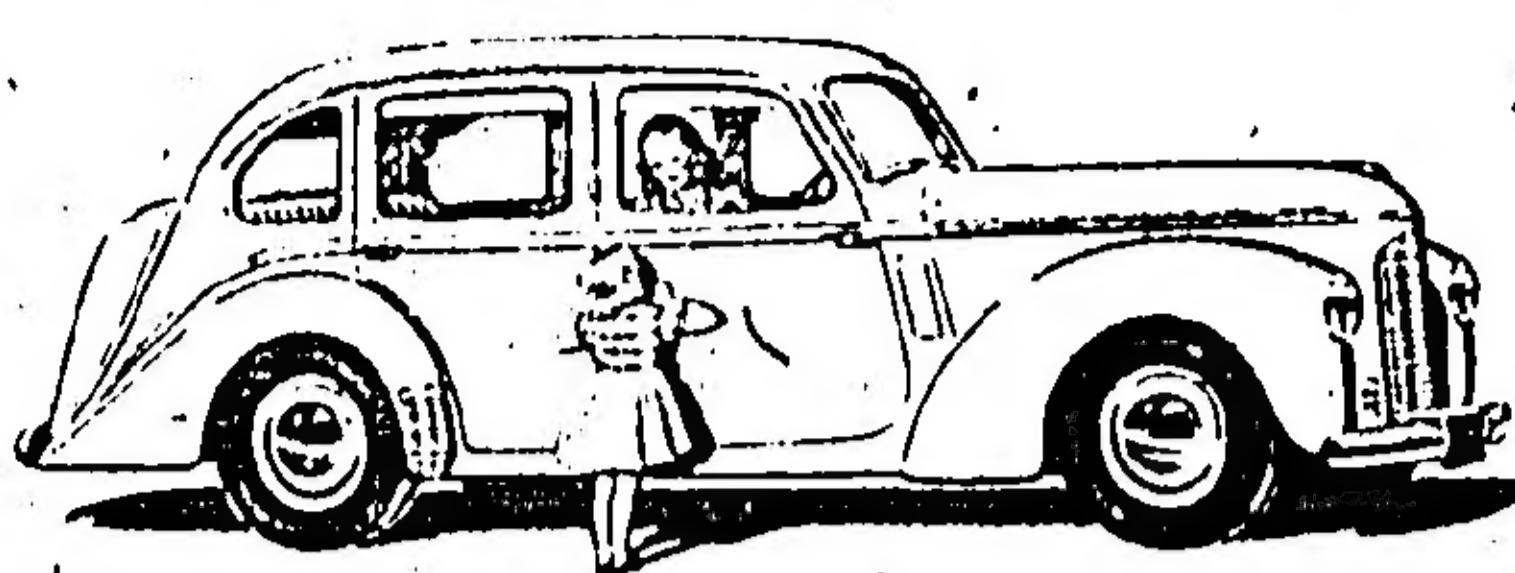
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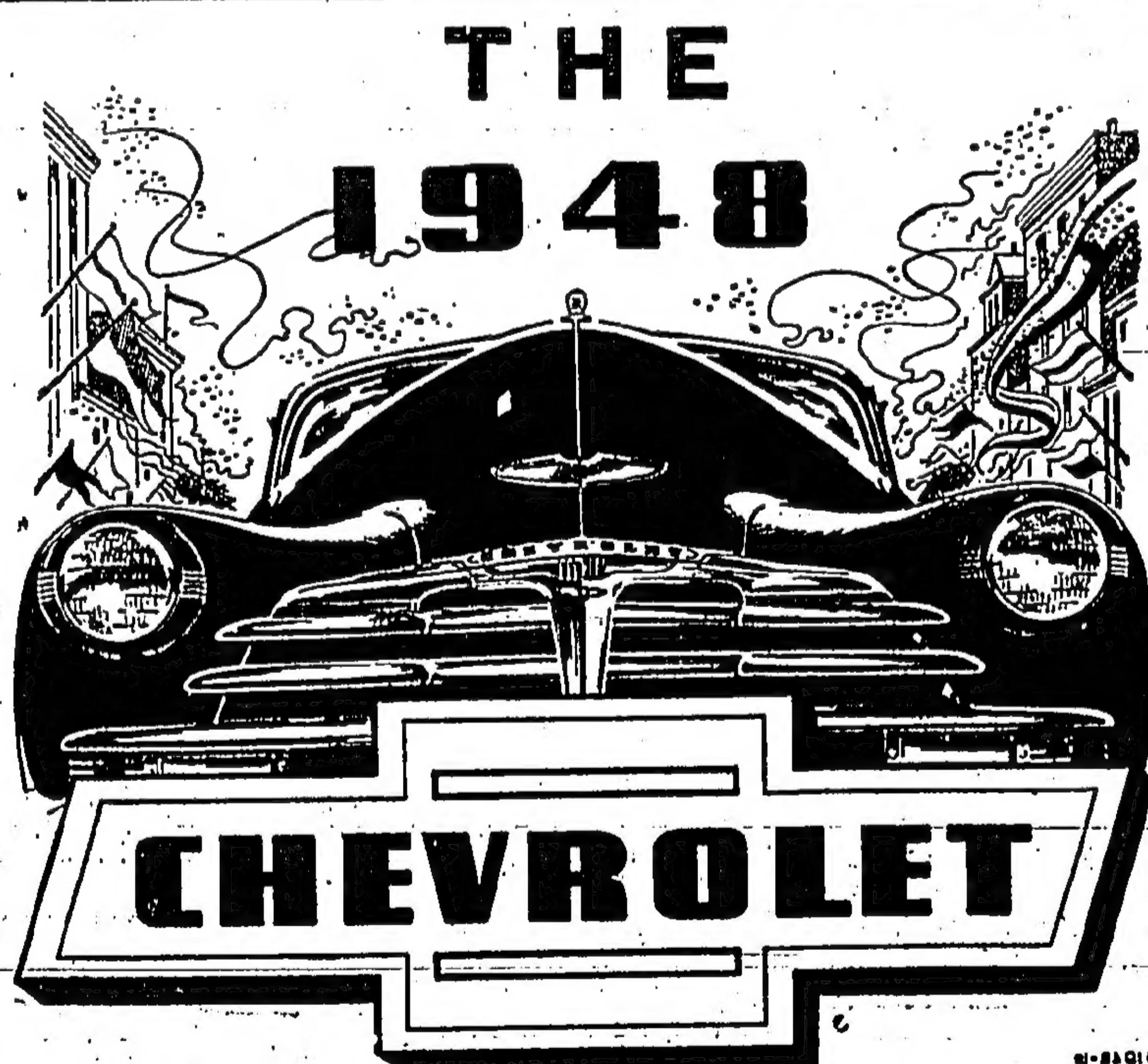
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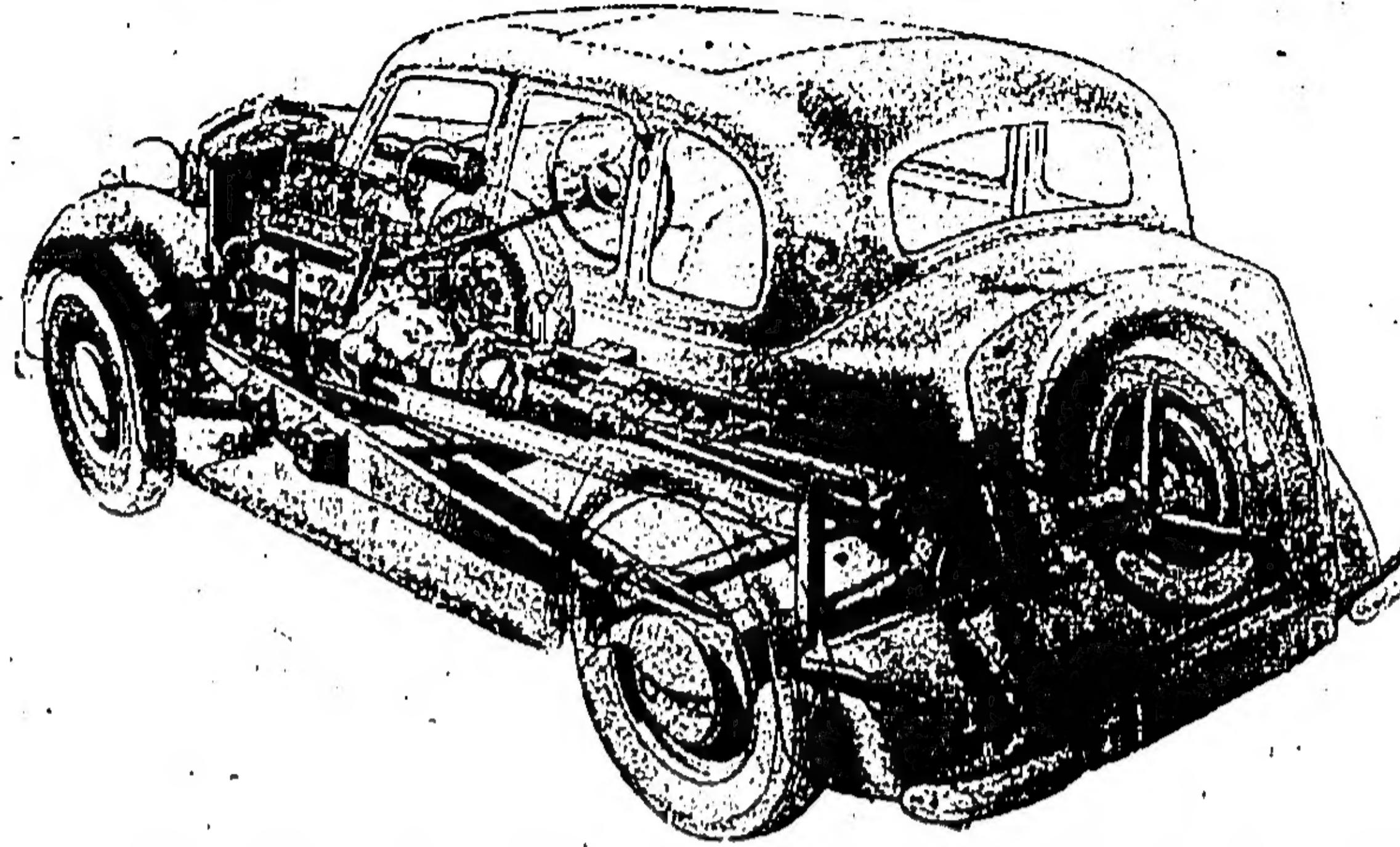
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Record British Car Exports

Exports of British cars and commercial vehicles in April broke all previous records. Besides dwarfing the record shipaments of recent months they actually beat the Government's end of the year target rate.

During April, more than 23,300 cars, an increase of over 4,200 on the March figure, and 6,600 trucks and buses, nearly 800 more than in March, left Britain for overseas markets. The figure of 23,300 cars is a rise of almost 40 per cent. on the February volume, itself an all-time record.

The value of car exports in April was over £6,000,000 against a "year end" target rate of £5,800,000. That of commercial vehicles was close on £3,219,000 against a target rate of £3,200,000.

With these record shipments, the British motorcar industry has now established a world lead, topping the last known monthly export figures of the U.S.A. (March) by more than 500 units.

Great Production Effort

For the first time in history, the U.S.A.—heading Belgium by a small margin—took more British cars than did any other country outside the Commonwealth—just over 1,500 at a value of £307,000. Australia and South Africa were Britain's best customers with nearly 7,800 and 2,000 units respectively. Brazil was the best foreign customer for commercial vehicles with a consignment of 383 units valued at £143,000.

The latest example of the great production efforts that has made possible this new export achievement comes from the Nuffield group. In the first 102 working days of this year these motorcar manufacturers have despatched overseas 22,074 cars and trucks valued at more than £7,000,000.

These figures exceed the whole output of 1937, their previous best year. In that year vehicles were leaving Nuffield factories at a rate of one every five and a quarter minutes. Today they are coming off the lines at the rate of one vehicle every two and one-seventh minutes.

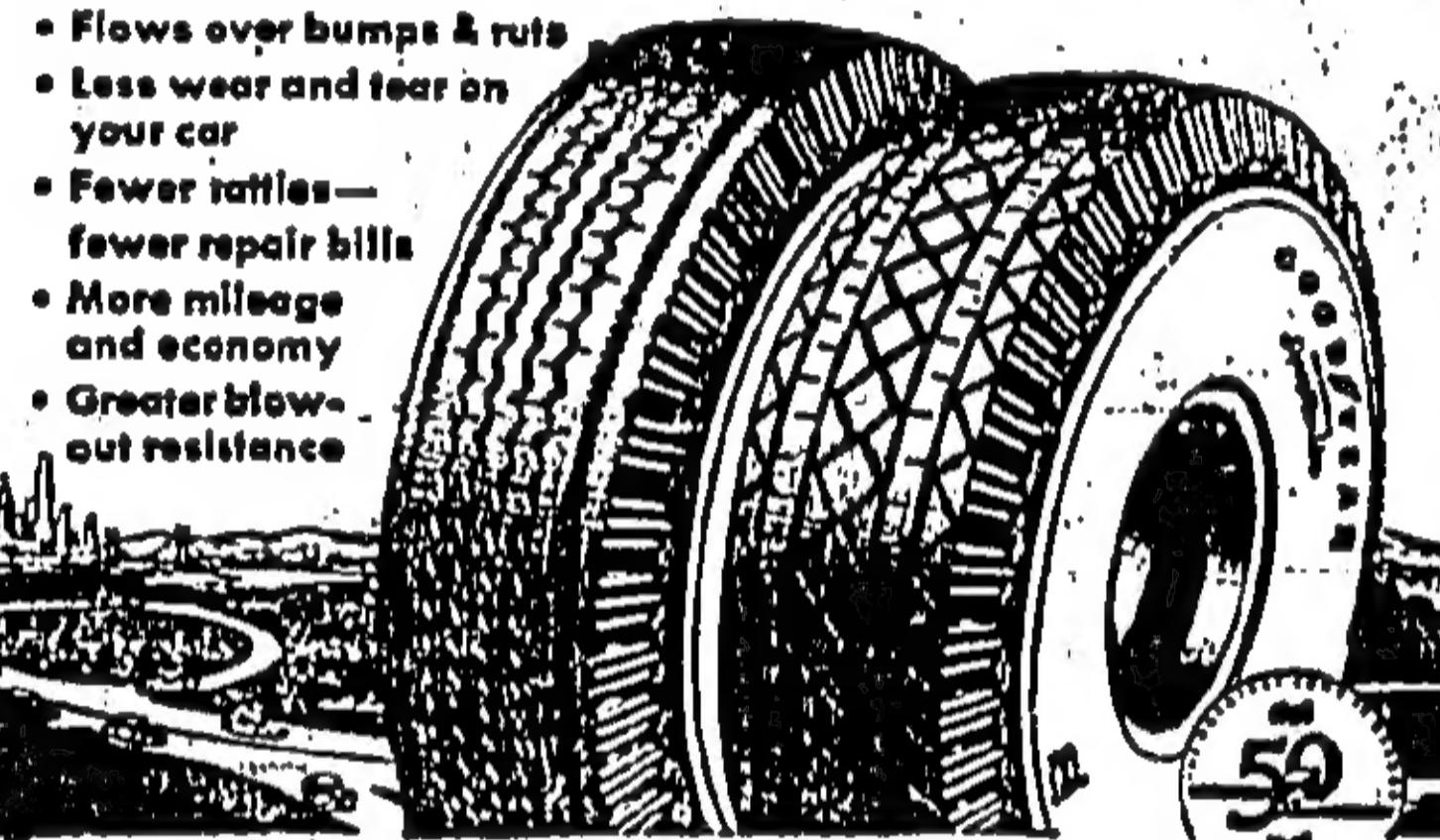
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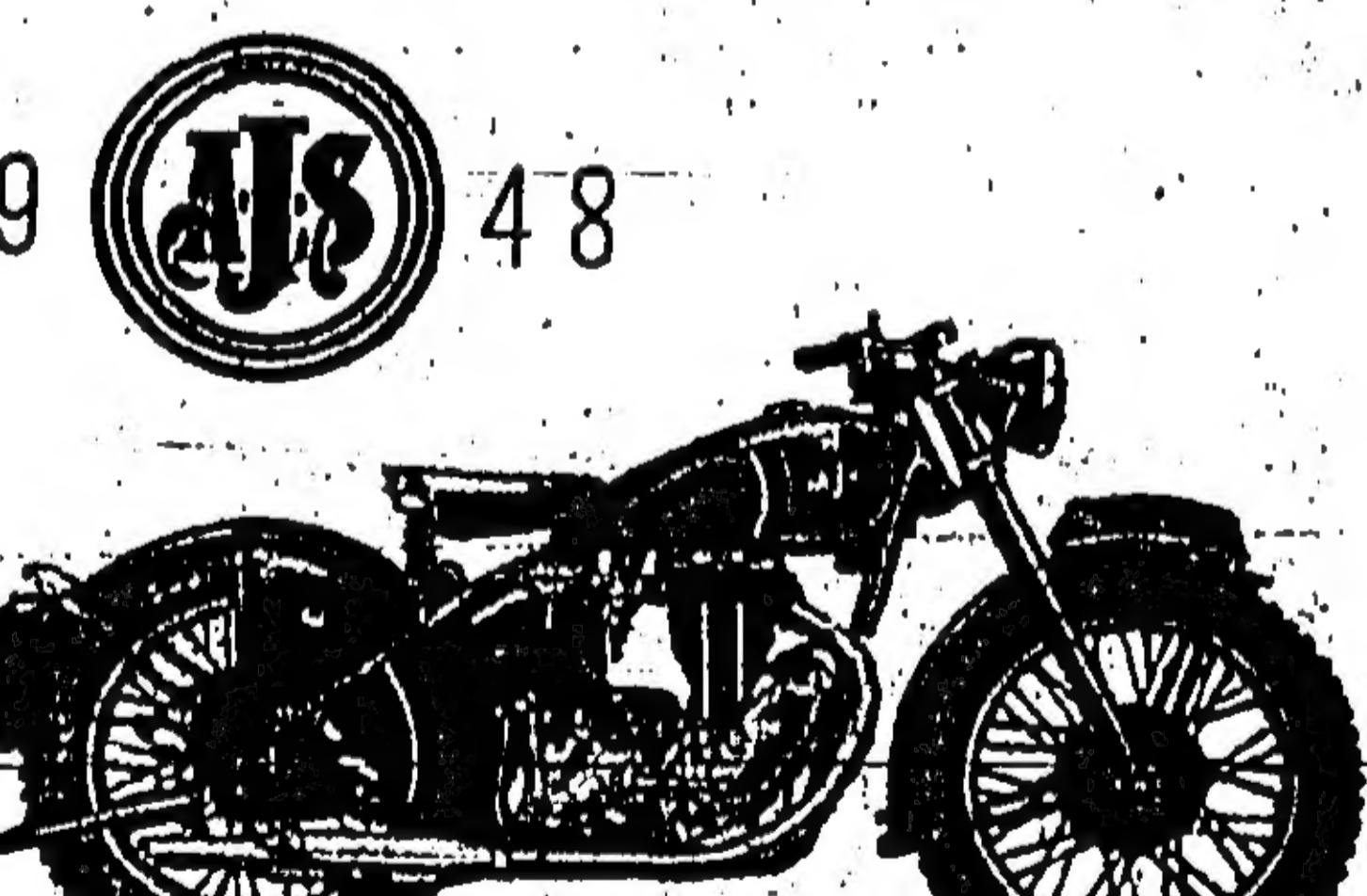
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by **GOODYEAR**

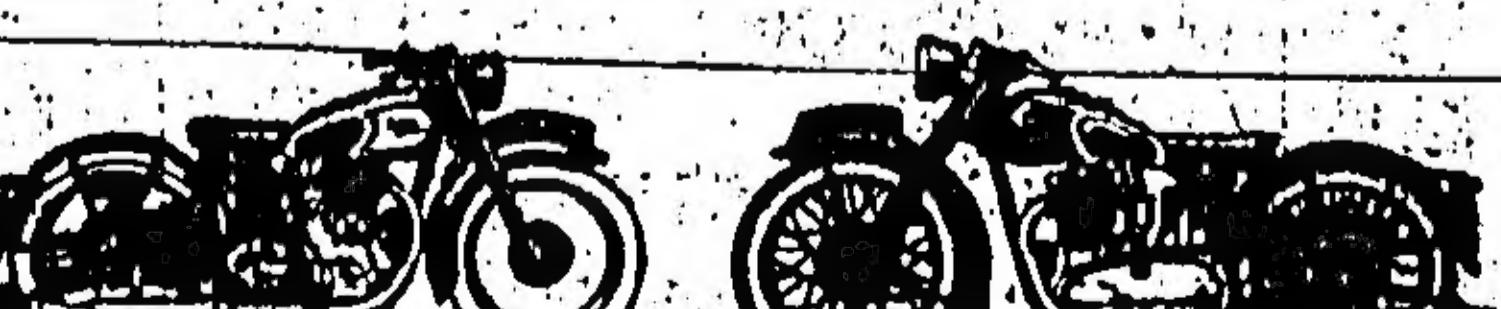
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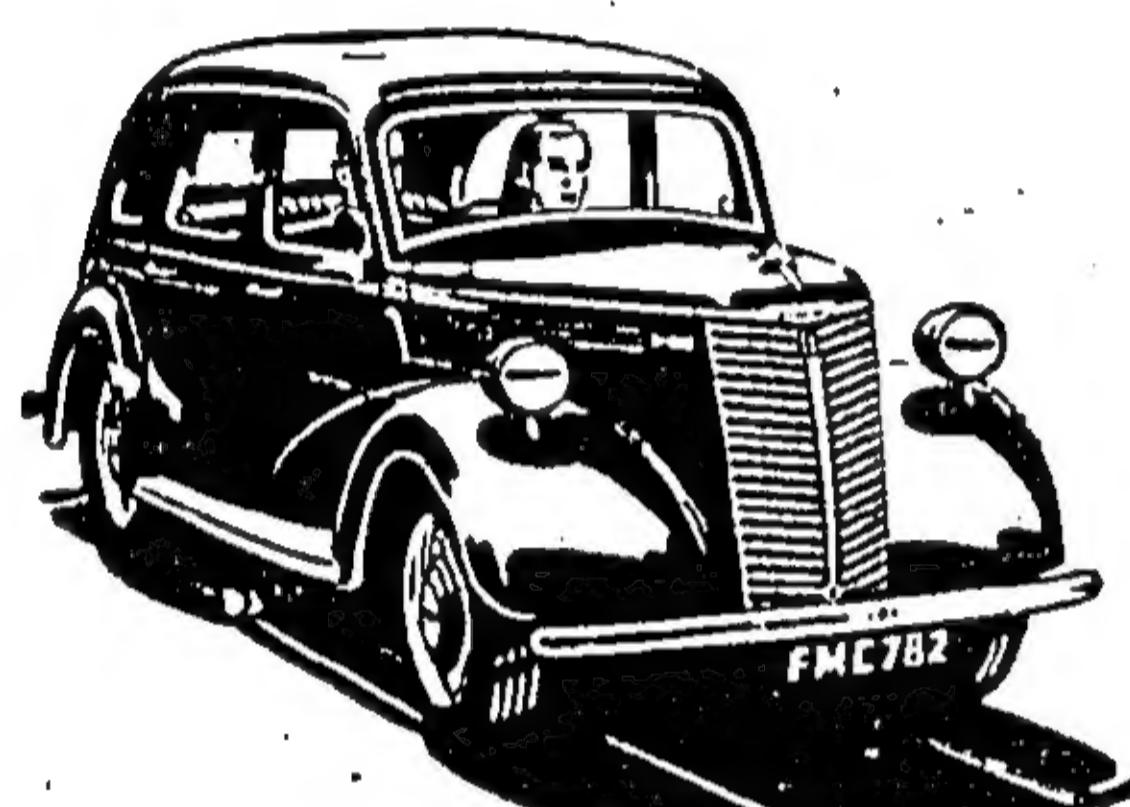
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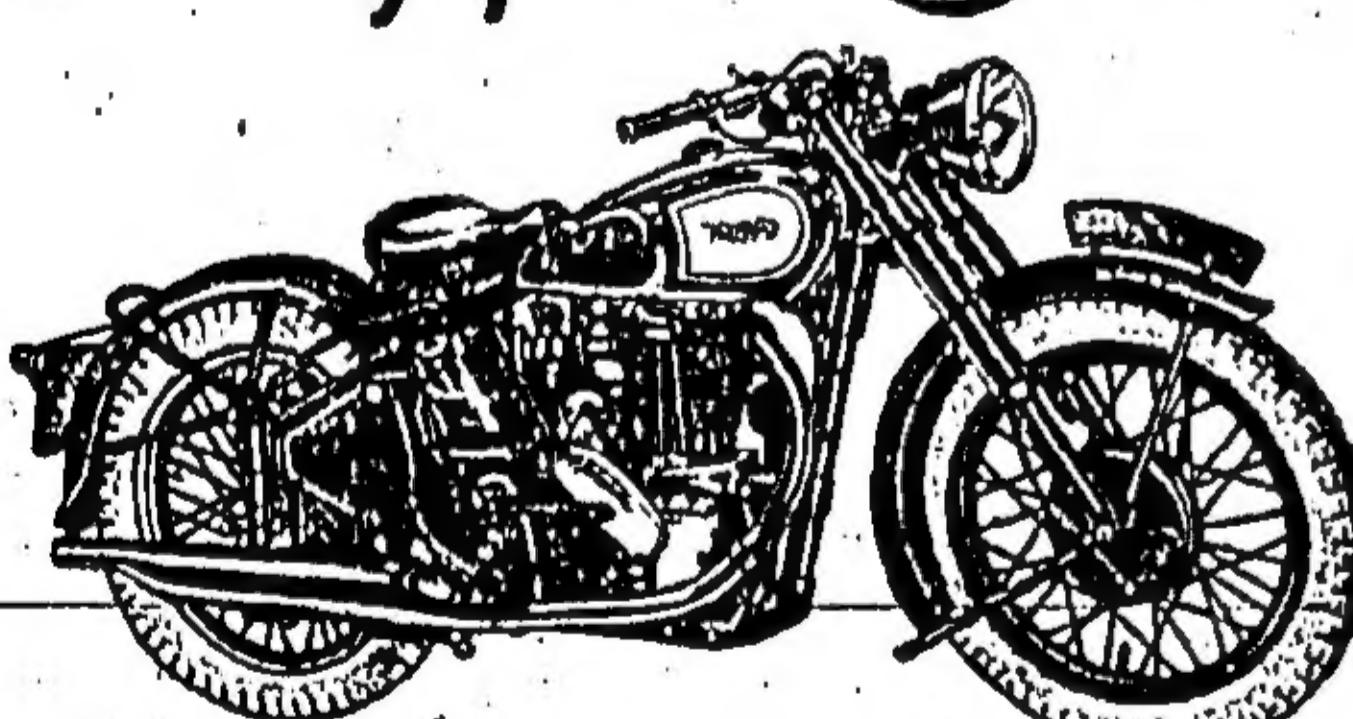
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CRISIS IN INDONESIA: TALKS AT JOGJAKARTA NEW STATES MAY BE CREATED

Batavia, June 3. Crisis talks between the Dutch and Indonesians began in Jogjakarta today when the Republican Premier, Dr. Mohammed Hatta, met Mr. L. Neher and Jonkhoo van Vredenburgh, with the Dutch delegates armed with new instructions from The Hague.

Mr. Neher handed Dr. Hatta a note from the Netherlands Government, the Republican news agency said. Its contents remained secret. Dr. Hatta then conferred with members of his delegation to the negotiations, which are being held under United Nations auspices.

It was reliably reported that the Dutch would ask the Indonesians to "discontinue the Republic's foreign relations," and to say definitely whether they want a plebiscite or the future of Java, Madura and Sumatra.

President I. R. Sukarno and his Minister of the Interior flew to Sumatra from Jogjakarta today on a month's visit. In a broadcast before he left he urged the people to "translate into action" the unity they had pledged last month—presumably referring to the manifesto in which the Republican parties urged unity to maintain their foreign relations.

The Moslem party Majum, commenting on the agreement reached by Dr. Surjono in Prague for an exchange of consuls with Russia, was reported today to have said it appreciated all outside recognition.

Dutch Claim

The Dutch claim that the Republic agreed to leave foreign relations to them when they signed the truce on board the Renville last January.

The status of the Indonesian delegation to the United Nations Economic Conference at Ossceaumund was being discussed by a sub-committee today, with India, Pakistan, Burma, Ceylon, Russia, Australia and New Zealand asking for separate representation for her and Holland, Britain, France and the United States opposing.

Antara, the Republican news agency, reported that today's Netherlands note to Dr. Hatta contained no time limit but suggested that if a reply were not given quickly it might jeopardise the negotiations.

Two courses then possible, according to observers here, would be to refer the dispute back to the Security Council, or to switch the talks to the proposals informally put forward recently by the Good Offices Committee.

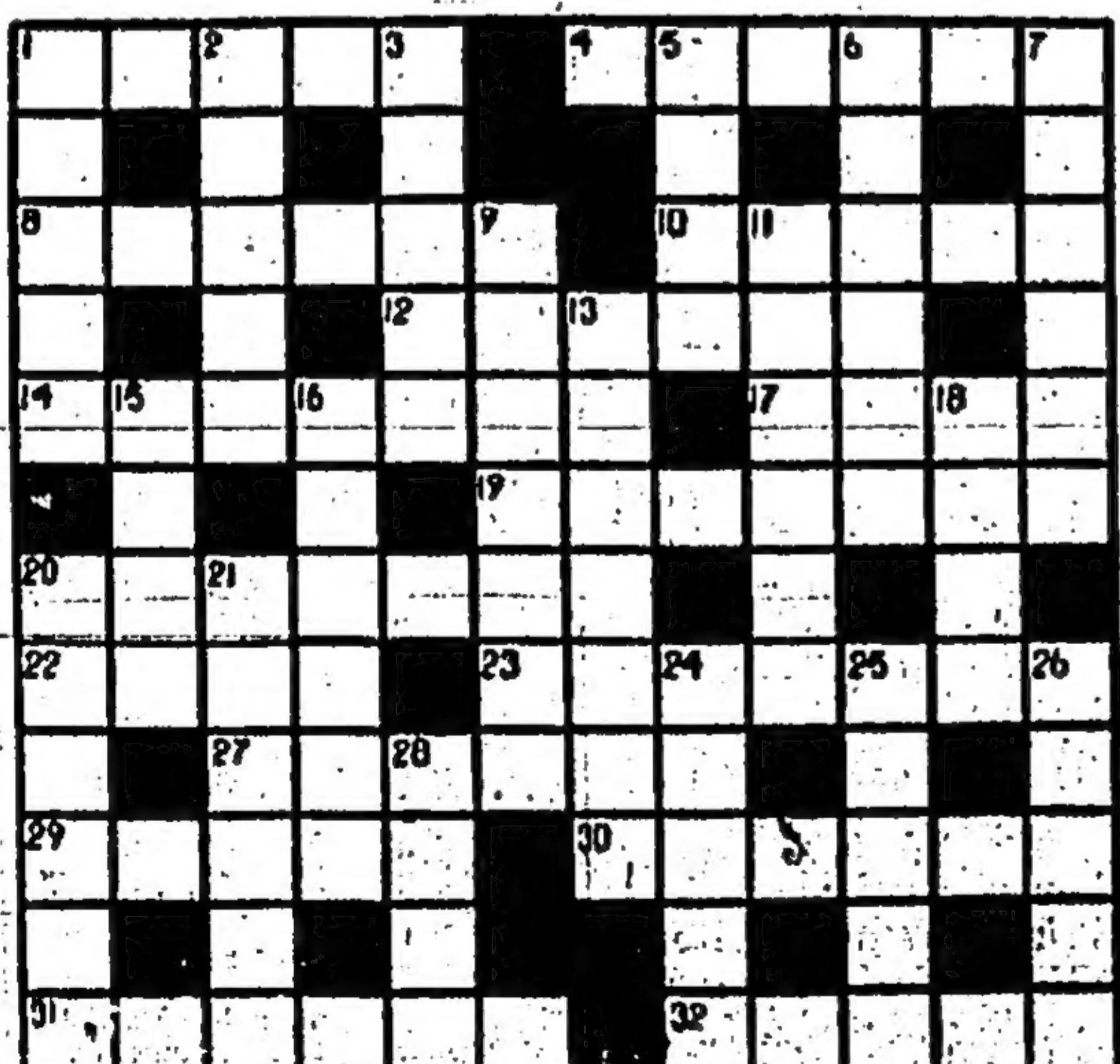
New States?

These proposals were understood to suggest a technical commission to recommend boundaries within which both the Dutch and Republicans would create new

NOTHING TO IT

London, June 3. The British Foreign Office denied a report that Britain wants to abandon the Marshall plan in exchange for a long term loan from the US. The story was reported broadcast by the Sydney radio. A Foreign Office spokesman commented there is absolutely nothing to the broadcast.—Associated Press.

A BRITISH CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Clues Across

- 1. Lifesom.
- 2. Decrees.
- 3. Frank.
- 10. Scent.
- 12. Account book.
- 14. See.
- 17. Unadulterated.
- 18. Gratified.

Yesterday's Crossword

- Across: 3. Proposal, 8. Omit, 9. Barren, 11. Deafened, 13. Urge, 15. Corporal, 18. Tenement, 19. Chit, 21. Selected, 23. Minstrel, 24. Come, 27. Colonial, 28. Down—1. Good, 2. Miss, 4. Roan.
- Down: 5. Down—1. Good, 2. Miss, 4. Roan.

Clues Down

- 1. Clear.
- 2. Dance.
- 3. Banish.
- 5. Pull along.
- 6. Concerted.
- 7. Climbed.
- 9. Look down upon.
- 11. Mind.
- 13. Expunged.
- 15. Frazzen.
- 20. Day-dream.
- 22. Notion.
- 23. Alarm.
- 27. Thoroughfare.
- 29. Sheriff's retinue.
- 30. Tricks.
- 31. Join up.
- 32. Praise.
- 33. Sheet.
- 34. Redan.
- 35. Epoch.
- 36. Refer.
- 37. Level.
- 38. Annual.
- 39. Stun.
- 40. Dial.

Step In The Right Direction

Peer Seeks Divorce

London, June 3. Lord Stanley has filed a petition for divorce from his second wife, widow of Douglas Fairbanks.

The case, undefended, has been set down for hearing in London. The date is indefinite.

They were married in 1944.—Associated Press.

Foreign Legion For U.S.?

Washington, June 3. Senator Henry Cabot Lodge today introduced an amendment to a bill, to provide for the formation of a United States Foreign Legion.

The amendment, originally proposed as a separate bill by Senator Lodge last January, would allow aliens from 18 to 35 years to enlist in the regular Army for five-year hitchs outside the United States and its possessions.

The amendment would apply until June 30, 1950.—United Press.

Increased imports, combined with Economic Cooperation Administration spending should help to check the tendency toward bilateral trading, which became so marked since the pound sterling crisis last summer. Although this is still far off, good progress is now being made towards achieving the ultimate objective of multi-lateral transactions.

Meanwhile, the letter displays some disappointment at the U.S. Treasury's decision to maintain 1½% rate on one year Treasury certificates of indebtedness. It declares that this decision defers for an indefinite period the use of a curb on domestic inflationary trends which many thought desirable and indeed expected.—Reuter.

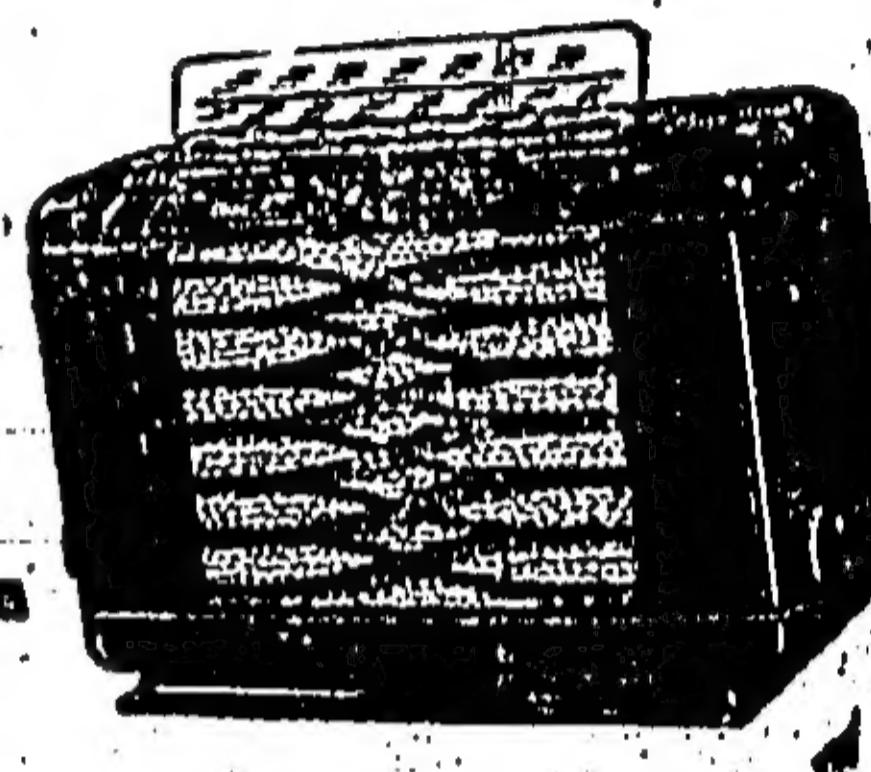
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ARMS CACHE IN MANILA

Manila, June 4. Four submachineguns as well as ammunition and spare parts for other guns were seized by police at the home of a Chinese in downtown Manila late yesterday.

"The chief of state thus addressed, despite his predilection for deferred solutions, replied immediately ignoring ambassadors whose job is to find an amicable solution to the differences between the two countries."

"Such methods of procedure lead straight to catastrophes because they overexpose public opinion and that is the last thing that should be done at this time."

"If the wiser signatories of the Brussels Treaty can make it understood abroad that disputes in the market place are criminal at this time and if they are able by judicious advice to point out that it is necessary to make use of unjustly discredited diplomatic procedures, they will have rendered a great service to the world."

"If the world is not to be exposed to the worst kind of adventure, diplomacy must cease to be confused with propaganda."—Associated Press.

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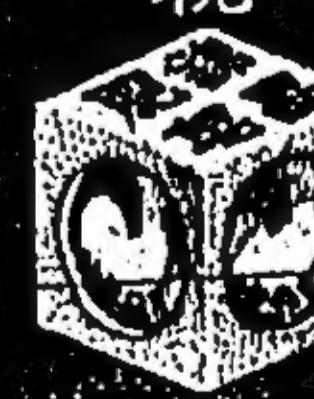
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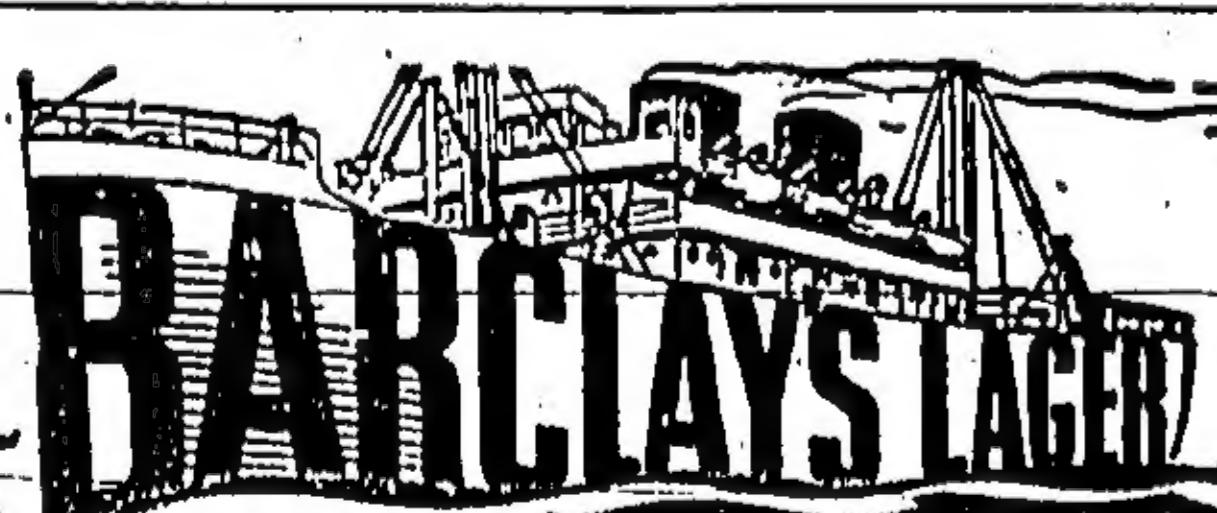
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ABOLITION OF DEATH PENALTY: WIDENING SPLIT IN CABINET COMPROMISE OUT OF QUESTION

London, June 3. The Cabinet today discussed the most delicate decision of its life—whether to throw its weight on the side of or against the proposed five-year suspension of execution for convicted murderers.

It seemed that whatever the decision, the Constitution and conscience would be against it. The Cabinet has been split all along on the issue and now, after last night's rejection of the reform by the House of Lords, some think the breach will widen.

If the Cabinet stand by the free vote of the House of Commons, which supported abolition, it will oppose its own majority view and that of the Home Secretary, the Minister most responsible, the majority view of police, judges, former Home Secretaries and the general public, the six to one opinion of the Upper House of Parliament.

If it sticks to its view that suspension is wrong in the midst of a postwar economic wave, it will contradict its earlier declaration that it would stand by a free vote of the House of Commons; and will override the strong conscientious views of many Ministers, including Sir Stafford Cripps, the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Constitutionally, when the two Houses of Parliament disagree, it is a principle that they should find a compromise, but political circles consider the out-of-the-question on such an issue.

The next step is for the proposal to go back to the House of Commons. If they change their minds, the issue will be finished. If they reaffirm it, the House of Lords can only delay the reform for two years.

Cabinet Choice

The Cabinet must decide whether to put on the whips—direct Members how to vote—or leave them a free choice again. If the latter, the original majority of only 23 for suspension may be reversed because of the influence on Members of the weight of public opinion against it.

The compromise suggested by Lord Samuel, a Liberal peer, would permit capital punishment for murder in general to lapse, but would retain it for political assassination, murder of policemen on duty and of prison officers by convicts, and for crimes of exceptional atrocity or long pre-

meditation.

The Cabinet is believed to favour a strong decision one way or the other—to hang or not to hang for murder, without qualification.

Contrary To Law

Mr. Anthony Eden, the deputy leader of the Opposition, said today in the House of Com-

HATCHET GANG AT WORK

Shanghai, June 4. The charge that a hatchet gang is invading the Soochow waterfront, seeking to take charge of unloading junks and sampans, was made by a delegation of coolies who called on Mayor K. C. Wu today.

Hundreds of coolies marched to the City Hall where they sought a mass audience with the Mayor. They said they have been driven off their jobs by a gang of 200 men carrying hatchets and iron bars and added that their leader, Wang Li-hai, was seriously injured when he resisted the hatchetmen.

The coolies said they appealed to the security police but they did not receive any satisfactory reply, wherefore they wanted to appeal to the Mayor.

The mass delegation was not allowed to see the Mayor but a member of the Mayor's office received several delegates and promised to investigate.—United Press.

Chinese Red Paper Banned

Shanghai, June 4. The only Soviet-sponsored Chinese newspaper in Shanghai, the "Shi Tai Jih Pao" was suspended on Wednesday by order of the City Government for repeatedly publishing anti-Government propaganda and taking no heed of official Chinese warnings, according to the Shanghai Municipal Press Bureau.

The Bureau said that the paper had violated Articles 21 and 29 of the Chinese Publication Law by publishing articles which tended to disturb peace and order and interfered with the Government's economic measures and incited students and labourers to riot and to spread rumours.

A report of the action was sent to the Ministry of Interior in Nanking.—Reuters.

MICHAEL AND ANNE TO WED IN ATHENS

Lausanne, June 3. Ex-King Michael will marry Princess Anne of Bourbon-Parme in Athens at the end of next week, it was learned here on good authority today.

Princess Anne is expected to join Michael this week in the Lausanne hotel where he has been staying with his mother, Queen Helen, since his abdication.

The Pope three months ago refused a dispensation for Princess Anne, who is a Catholic, to marry Michael, who is a member of the Greek Orthodox Church.

All reports indicate that the wedding will now take place according to Greek Orthodox rites.

Swiss papers quoted Copenhagen reports, that Princess Anne had given up the Catholic faith.

Michael's marriage to Princess Anne in accordance with Orthodox rites will greatly strengthen his position in the eyes of Romanians.

Hold-Up In The Air

Bari, June 3. A Yugoslav civil plane landed at an airport near here tonight with passengers who were reported to have forced the pilot to fly to Italy at pistol point.

The plane, which carried 22 passengers and six crew belonging to the Yugoslav Civil Airlines, was en route from Belgrade to Sarajevo on a normal service when the radio operator and one of the passengers armed with a revolver, forced the pilot to fly to Bari.

The passengers were all of Yugoslav nationality.—Reuters.

U.N. KASHMIR COMMISSION

Rangoon, June 3. Mr. J. K. Huddle, the United States Ambassador to Burma, who is the American member of the Commission—appointed by the United Nations to inquire into the dispute between India and Pakistan over Kashmir, will leave here by air for Washington tomorrow.

He will consult there with State Department officials before setting off for Geneva, where the Commission is due to hold its first meeting on June 15.—Reuters.

HARRIMAN OPTIMISM RESULTS

Paris, June 3. Mr. Averell Harriman said today there is every reason to believe that the American Marshall plan aid will help produce a prolonged period of peace in Europe.

Recent Soviet policy moves indicate Russian recognition that the Marshall plan already is proving effective and strengthening the position of Western European nations.

Mr. Harriman arrived in Paris yesterday to set up headquarters as Ambassador at large for the Economic Co-operation Administration.

Mr. Harriman told American correspondents today: "My first objective will be to see how the European Cooperation Administration can help the Western European countries to promote and expand intra-European trade. The No. 1 job of Euro-

pean nations is to work out for themselves their own recovery and trade expansion programmes and we are here to see how far we can help them do so with American dollar aid.

The ultimate object is to re-establish Western Europe's ability to become self-supporting without aid from the United States. This would be the surest way towards restoration of economic stability in Europe which in itself would be the best guarantee of peace. There is every reason to believe that the future outlook is favourable to such a development."

Taking Effect

The ERP Ambassador stressed repeatedly the need for rebuilding trade between the European nations themselves as a means of cutting down the dollar aid. He expressed optimism where the recovery programme already is taking effect.

Mr. Harriman said: "I can only interpret recent moves by Moscow such as the Kremlin's peace offensive a couple of weeks ago as indicating they believe the plan already is proving effective.

He plans as soon as possible to pay visits of two or three days each to Italy and Germany. He is now recruiting a staff of 1,500 of whom 1,200 will be United States citizens. About 500 will

FATE OF HOUSE OF LORDS

London, June 3. The Marquess of Salisbury, Leader of the Conservative Opposition in the House of Lords, tonight tabled an amendment urging rejection by the Peers of the Parliament Bill, which reduces the time during which the Lords can hold up a House of Commons measure from two years to one year.

The Bill is to be debated next Tuesday and Wednesday on its second reading, which had been adjourned to allow for all party talks on wider reform of the House of Lords.

These talks ended in deadlock and were abandoned.

The amendment says the Bill "would go far towards establishing a single chamber government, and thereby deprive the country of a vital constitutional safeguard of its liberties."—Reuters.

SOVIET GESTURE TO FINNS

Helsinki, June 3. The Soviet Government, announcing its decision to cancel reparations deliveries by the Finnish Government, said: "It must be seen against the background of the initiative taken in this matter by the Finnish Cabinet's three Communist Ministers, Messrs. Murto, Janhunen and Leino."

The plane, which carried 22 passengers and six crew belonging to the Yugoslav Civil Airlines, was en route from Belgrade to Sarajevo on a normal service when the radio operator and one of the passengers armed with a revolver, forced the pilot to fly to Bari.

The passengers were all of Yugoslav nationality.—Reuters.

The Finnish Minister of Supply, M. Murto, the Minister of Social Affairs, M. Janhunen, and the former Minister of the Interior, M. Leino, in speeches at the time of M. Leino's dismissal for acting unconstitutionally, suggested that Russia might agree to scale down reparations.

The Soviet decision was welcomed in Helsinki, Finland, was to have sent £76,000,000 worth of reparations goods at 1938 prices to Russia over eight years from 1944, placing a heavy strain on the country's economy.

The Finns claimed their country would have a favourable foreign trade balance and a strong currency if released from reparations. On the other hand, the decision is interpreted here as a gesture to help the Communists in the general elections on July 1 and 2.

The Communists lost ground in the municipal elections last December and it was believed in Helsinki that they would suffer similar reverses in the general elections.—Reuters.

SOVIET AGENT IN MANILA

Manila, June 3. Intelligence operatives of the Philippine Constabulary on Wednesday arrested a Soviet agent named Alexander Gmiria, who was reported to have entered the Philippines illegally as a civilian employee of the United States Army.

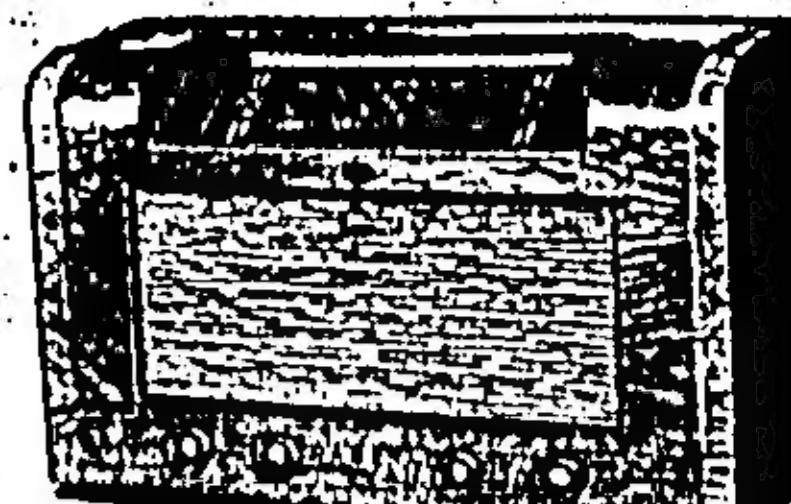
He was arrested at the premises of the Rural Transit Company, where, it was added, he was employed.

Although the warrant of arrest was for illegal entry, the authorities disclosed that Gmiria's background and activities definitely linked him with the Communist movement.

His dossier showed he "sneaked" into the Philippines from France with the 62nd Light Equipment Company, which was attached to the first contingents of American troops who landed in the Philippines with General Douglas MacArthur.—Reuters.

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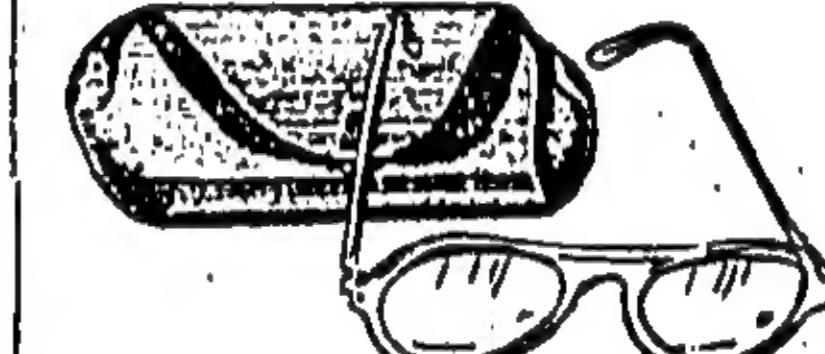
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CUTS IN MARSHALL AID**House Of Representatives Shock
White House Intervention
In "Dangerous Action"**

The House of Representatives Appropriations Committee today recommended a 25 per cent cut in the Marshall Plan and other foreign aid programme figures proposed by the United States Government.

The recommendation was contained in a report on the bill authorising funds for the recovery programmes. The measure provides for a sum of \$5,980,710,228 for global assistance in the 15-months period ending July 31, 1949, whereas President Truman had originally asked for funds to cover a 12-months period.

The Committee cut the amount for European aid to \$4,000 million, \$245 million less than the figure asked for. It also announced it was dissatisfied with the progress of rehabilitation of Germany.

The Committee said the programmes contemplated "will not permit the expenditure of more funds than has been provided on an intelligent basis" before July 1, 1949. It added that should an emergency arise before that Congress would be in session again next January to take action.

Slightly more than \$5,000 million of the total requested had been budgeted for use during the 12 months ending April 30, or at the rate of \$417 million per month.

The Committee reduced that total to \$4,003 million for 15 months, at a spending rate of \$331 million monthly.

Other funds in the bill were cut by \$150 million, with the money to be spent during a 12-months period as originally planned.

The Committee, explaining the reductions and extension of the spending period, said that the programmes contemplated "will not permit the expenditure of more funds than has been provided on an intelligent basis" before July 1, 1949.

It voiced dissatisfaction with the plan for the large-scale mechanisation of farms abroad when steel and petroleum were scarce in the United States.

Mr. Paul G. Hoffman, the Economic Cooperation Administrator, warned today that the 25 per cent Marshall cut proposed by the Appropriations Committee would affect the chances of a successful recovery of the European Recovery Programme.

He declined to say whether he was confident the Senate Appropriations Committee, which has yet to vote on the overall ERP funds, would reverse the House Committee's decision.

Hoffman Comment He told a press conference: "We need the full \$5,300 million." He added: "If we are

not able to get the full \$5,300 million, we will have to make do with what we have."

Another factor worrying diplomatic officials here is the effect any such reversal on the part of the United States may have on its retention of the initiative in the present "cold war" with Russia in the countries of Western Europe.—Reuter.

While Mr. Hoffman today withheld detailed comment because he had not been officially informed of the House Committee's action, both Economic Cooperation and State Department officials expressed deep concern over the development.

The figure of \$5,300 million for the first 12 months of the

programme was considered by all informed sources here to be a rock-bottom one.

Equally, it was admitted that even without the cut there was a distinct prospect of the funds being insufficient to provide the European nations with all the supplies necessary for their successful launching on the road to recovery.

Washington, June 3.

The Security Council today

adopted a British resolution reaffirming previous Security Council resolutions on the Kashmir dispute, and instructing the Plebiscite Commission to proceed without delay "to the areas of the dispute" to accomplish the tasks of the resolution of April 21.

The Commission was further directed to study and report to the Council at an appropriate time the additional matters raised by the statement of Sir Zafrullah Khan, the Pakistan Foreign Minister, on January 15 this year.

Eight votes favoured the resolution. Russia, the Ukraine and Argentina abstained from the voting.

Earlier, when the Council met under the Presidency of Faris Bey Al Khoury, of Syria, to discuss the final terms of reference to be given to the Kashmir Commission, the discussion centred around whether the Commission's terms of reference should be extended in scope to investigate additional complaints of Pakistan.

The Commission is leaving tomorrow for Geneva, where it will hold its first meeting.—Reuter.

going to conduct the operation adequately, we need that money. The less money we have the less recovery we can hope to get."

He said he could only hope the Senate Appropriations Committee could reverse the House Committee's decision to cut the aid figures.

In the Upper House, private conferences went on today between Senator Arthur Vandenberg and Senator Styles Bridges, the Chairmen of the Senate Foreign Affairs and Appropriations Committees respectively.

Senator Vandenberg tried to persuade Senator Bridges not to insist on a major cut in the Marshall Plan funds and stressed to him the danger of such a move.

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not able to get the full \$5,300 million, we will have to make do with what we have."

Another factor worrying diplomatic officials here is the effect any such reversal on the part of the United States may have on its retention of the initiative in the present "cold war" with Russia in the countries of Western Europe.—Reuter.

While Mr. Hoffman today withheld detailed comment because he had not been officially informed of the House Committee's action, both Economic Cooperation and State Department officials expressed deep concern over the development.

The figure of \$5,300 million for the first 12 months of the

Kashmir Dispute Mission

Lake Success, June 3.

The Security Council today adopted a British resolution reaffirming previous Security Council resolutions on the Kashmir dispute, and instructing the Plebiscite Commission to proceed without delay "to the areas of the dispute" to accomplish the tasks of the resolution of April 21.

The Commission was further directed to study and report to the Council at an appropriate time the additional matters raised by the statement of Sir Zafrullah Khan, the Pakistan Foreign Minister, on January 15 this year.

Eight votes favoured the resolution. Russia, the Ukraine and Argentina abstained from the voting.

Earlier, when the Council met under the Presidency of Faris Bey Al Khoury, of Syria, to discuss the final terms of reference to be given to the Kashmir Commission, the discussion centred around whether the Commission's terms of reference should be extended in scope to investigate additional complaints of Pakistan.

The Commission is leaving tomorrow for Geneva, where it will hold its first meeting.—Reuter.

Peninsular

**STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY ARRIVALS**

SHIP	FROM	TO	DATE
"DILWARA"	U.K.	U.K. and Continent via Straits	16th June
"TREVOSE"	U.K.	U.K. and Continent via Straits	21st June
"TREVEAN"	Japan	U.K. & Continent	3rd July
"TREVETHOE"	U.K.	U.K. & Continent	20th July
"CANTON"	U.K.	U.K. & Continent	2nd Aug.
"TREWELLARD"	U.K.	U.K. & Continent	Mid-Aug.

SAILINGS

SHIP	TO	SAILING
"DILWARA"	Shanghai & Japan-Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam (Amsterdam), Straits, Colombo, Genoa, Marcelline Havre London Hamburg Rotterdam U.K.	21st June
"TREVOSE"	Shanghai & Japan-Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam (Amsterdam), Straits, Colombo, Genoa, Marcelline Havre London Hamburg Rotterdam U.K.	25th June
"TREVEAN"	Shanghai & Japan-Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam (Amsterdam), Straits, Colombo, Genoa, Marcelline Havre London Hamburg Rotterdam U.K.	5th July
"TREVETHOE"	Shanghai & Japan-Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam (Amsterdam), Straits, Colombo, Genoa, Marcelline Havre London Hamburg Rotterdam U.K.	13th July
"CANTON"	Shanghai & Japan-Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam (Amsterdam), Straits, Colombo, Genoa, Marcelline Havre London Hamburg Rotterdam U.K.	7th Aug.

British



India

STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD. ARRIVALS

SHIP	FROM	TO	DATE
"OZARDA"	Japan		20th June
			SAILINGS

SHIP	TO	SAILING
"OZARDA"	Singapore, Penang, Madras, Colombo & Bombay	22nd June

APCAR LINE**ARRIVALS**

SHIP	FROM



Incorporated in the Netherlands

KONINKLIJKE JAS-CHAPANETMART LONDEN N.V. AMSTERDAM

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN SERVICE

	Arrivals	Sailings
"Tjisadane"	from Amoy 7th June	to Javaports & Macassar 9th June
"Tjibadak"	from Macassar & Javaports 8th June	to Javaports & Macassar 23rd June
"Tjitjalengka"	from Macassar & Java Ports 22nd June	to Java Ports & Macassar 7th July
ASIA-AFRICA-SOUTH AMERICA SERVICE		
"Sraat Malakka"	from Kobo & Shanghai 10th June	to South Africa, via Manila, Straits & Batavia 12th June
"Tezelberg"	from South America, South Africa, 10th June	to Shanghai & Japan 21st June
"Ruy's"	from South Africa, South America end July	to South Africa, South America mid August

Transhipment cargo on through Ba/L to Dar-Es-Salaam, Mombasa, Zanzibar accepted on all sailings.

SUMATRA-MALAYA-CHINA SERVICE

	Arrivals	Sailings
"Van Heutsz"	from Amoy & Swatow 5th June	to Straits & B. Dell 6th June
"Heinrich Jessen"	from B. Dell & Straits 11th June	to Straits & B. Dell 19th June
Agents: HOLLAND-EAST ASIA LINE		
"Mariekerk"	from Europe 10th June	to Shanghai & Japan 11th June
"Molenkerk"	from Europe, 20th June	to Europe via Straits 28th July
"Meerkerk"	End July	End August

Transhipment cargo on through Ba/L accepted to Mediterranean and Northern European ports.

Agents: SILVER LINE LTD.

	Arrivals	Sailings
"Silveroak"	from U.S. Atlantic Ports, 10th June	to U.S. Atlantic Ports, 8th June

Office Address: King's Building, Phones: 28018 & 28017

DE LA RAMA LINES

EXPRESS CARGO LINER SERVICES TO AND FROM PACIFIC & ATLANTIC COASTS LOADING DATES IN U.S.A.

Loads	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast via Los Angeles	Mid. June	m.v. "DONA ANICETA"
	Early July	m.v. "TONGHAI"
	Late July	m.v. "MINDORO"
From	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast via Los Angeles	17th June	s.s. "DONA AURORA"
	Mid. July	m.v. "DONA NATI"
For	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast via Los Angeles	23rd June	s.s. "DONA AURORA"
Atlantic Coast via San Francisco & Los Angeles	Mid. July	m.v. "DONA NATI"
	26th June	m.v. "HALLAND"

BOOKING AGENTS for P.A.L.

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STEAMSHIP DIVISION

S.S. "FLYING ARROW" Inchon, Yokohama, New York via Manila, Kohsinchang, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Djibouti, Port Said, Alexandria, Genoa, June 6.

S.S. "FLYING CLIPPER" New York via Manilla & Ports of China, Taku Bar, Inchon & Yokohama June 12.

A. P. PATTISON & CO. GENERAL AGENTS, CHINA, FORMOSA & HONGKONG CHARTERED BANK BUILDING, Tel. 28114. CHINESE SHIPPING OFFICE 29 Connaught Road, C. Tel. 24633.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE CRISIS
American Obsession With Devaluation
MANY COUNTRIES INVOLVED

Hong Kong Stock Exchange

Business during the past week has been on a broader basis than its predecessor, and there has been more confidence on the part of buyers. The volume of transactions also indicates an increase. Confidence in the closing rates shows there have been no corrections, and in quite a number of instances slight gains are recorded.

H.K. GOVT. LOANS: 4% Loan 10th, 5% Loan 1948 10th, 5½% Loan 1948 10th, b.

BANKS: H.K. & B. Bank 2165b, 2166a. (Lom. Reg.) 2124b. Chartered Bank £12/9/16. Merchant Bank A. & B. £23n. Bank of East Asia 142n.

INSURANCES: Canton 890n. Union Ins. 785b, 785a. China Underwriters 715b, 710/15a. H.K. Fire Ins. 208n.

SHIPPING:

Douglas 237n. H.K. & M. Steamboat 18n. Indo Chinas (Prof.) X. D. 95n. (Def.) X. D. 24n. Shells 100n. U. W. Watson 18n.

DUCKR WHARF, GODOWNS, ETC.: H.K. A. & Wharf, Godowns, etc. 100n. (N. P. D.) 100n.

H.K. Docks 22½b, 22½a, 22½c, 22½d, 22½e, 22½f, 22½g, 22½h, 22½i, 22½j, 22½k, 22½l, 22½m, 22½n, 22½o, 22½p, 22½q, 22½r, 22½s, 22½t, 22½u, 22½v, 22½w, 22½x, 22½y, 22½z.

MINING: Raub Mine 6.70n. H.K. Mines 6.06n.

LANDS HOTELS & BUILDINGS: H. & S. Hotel 1840b, 1840a. H. & S. Hotel 1840c, 1840a. Shantai Dockyards 21½aa.

PUBLIC UTILITIES: H.K. Tramways 24b, 24½a, 24½aa. Peak Trans. (Old) 22b; (New) 14n. Star Ferry 22b. C. Light 22b, 22½b, 22aa. (New) 203b, 21a, 21aa.

H.K. Electric 40½b, 40½a, 40½aa. Macao Electric 20½a. Bandakan Lights 12½b. Telephones 46b, 46a, 45½aa. Shanghai Gas 9½n.

INDUSTRIALS: Cald. Marc. (Ord.) 24b. Cald. Marc. (Ord.) 24b. Compagnie 46½b, 47a.

H.K. Ropes 18½b, 20a.

STORES &c.: Dairy Farms (Old) 81½b; (New) 60n. Watsons (Old) 58½b, 58½a.

(New) 64½b, 64½a, 65aa.

Lane, Crawford 65b.

Silvers 62aa.

Shine English 10½aa.

Sun Co. Ltd. 85n.

Kwong Sang Hong 19ta.

Wing On (H.K.) 120n.

Wm. Powell, Ltd. 12n.

MISCELLANEOUS: China Entertainments 42½b.

H.K. Constructions (O) 6n; (N) 6n.

Vibro Piling 8½a. Rts.; Rights 4n.

Harman Investments 18/aa.

Macau (H.K.) 140n.

COTTONS: Ewes 22a.

RUBBER, ETC., COMPANIES: Anglo-Java 4½a.

Consolidated Rubber 3a.

Kota Bharu 3a.

Padang Rubber 14n.

Rubber Trade 4½a.

Rubber Trade 14n.

Shanghai Pehang 14a.

Tanah Merah 14a.

Tebong Rubbers 20a.

Ziange Rubbers 14a.

SILVER AND GOLD MARKETS

Bombeay—Silver Ready, per 100 tolas

167 Rupees, 11 Annas: Forward, per 100

tolas 167, 11. Marwar (unofficial) 167,

Forward (unofficial) 116, 68. Sovereign

15. 60. (One tola is equal 5/8th of an ounce).

Buenos Aires—Sovereign, buyers \$10.00;

sellers \$7.00; U.S. Eagles 164.00b, 169.00a;

Gold, per gramme 8.60b.

Alexandria—Gold, per "dierbar"

161½a plastic: Egyptian pound 500;

Sovereign 110½; Turkish pound 840. 200;

Dollar (silver) 40. 200;

Silver (silver) per Kilogram 222. (One

"dierbar"—equal 1/10th of an ounce).

Paris—Napoleons Fr. 5, 92½a; French

10 franc coins 1,900; Swiss francs 8,800;

Union Lattes 9,725; Sovereigns 8,050;

Half Sovereigns 3,210; U.S. Dollar coin

162. (One tola is equal 5/8th of an ounce).

London—Silver Ready, per 100 tolas

167 Rupees, 11 Annas: Forward, per 100

tolas 167, 11. Marwar (unofficial) 167,

Forward (unofficial) 116, 68. Sovereign

15. 60. (One tola is equal 5/8th of an ounce).

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London—Silver Ready, per 1



Sailing for MARSEILLES via SAIGON

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Sailing for SAIGON

M/S "PETREL" on/or about 9th June
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Telephone: 30331-8 Private Exchange.Agents: CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
SAILINGS TO

"YUNNAN" Singapore
Penang 4 p.m. 5th June
Swatow 10 a.m. 6th June
Amoy, Yokohama &
Kobe 6 p.m. 7th June
"TAIKHOU" Amoy, Swatow, Hollow,
Sulphur, Singapore &
Penang 10 a.m. 9th June
"HUNAN" Tientsin &
Inchon (Korea) 1 p.m. 9th June
Singapore 5 p.m. 9th June
Singapore 5 p.m. 10th June
Japan ports 10 a.m. 10th June
"WINGCHOW" Japan Fuchow
& Shanghai 10 a.m. 11th June
"FOOCHOW" Japan Fuchow
& Shanghai 4 p.m. 11th June
"SZECHUEN" Swatow, Bangkok
& Saigon 4 p.m. 12th June
* Sails from Custodian Wharf

ARRIVALS FROM

"HUNAN" Tientsin, Inchon, Shanghai
& Foochow 6th June
"WINGCHOW" Singapore 7th June
"NANCHANG" Java & Sports 8th June
"SHENGKING" Kowloon 8th June
"FOOCHOW" Shanghai 7 a.m. 8th June
Japan, Shanghai 8th June
& Keeling 9th June
Java & Singapore 9th June
Bangkok, Saigon 9th June
& Swatow 15th June

CANTON RIVER LINE

Ducking, Sails 8.00 a.m. 7th June,
Arrives 7.00 a.m. 9th June.

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE
U.K. SERVICE

Arrivals from
U.K. via Straits 7th June
U.K. via Straits 15th June

Sailings to

"MYRMIDON" Casablanca, Liverpool & Glasgow
via Port Said, Liverpool & Glasgow 28th June
"TRIUM" Geneva, Marseilles, Havre 10th July

NEW YORK SERVICE

Arrivals from
"AGAMEMNON" U.K. via U.S.A., Manila and Shanghai 17th June
"PRIAM" 11th June

Agents: Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.

Arrivals from
Australia 2nd half June
Sailings to
Sydney & Melbourne 20th June Approx.

All The Above Subject To Alteration Without Notice.

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BALTIMORE, BOSTON VIA SAN FRANCISCO,
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M.S. "LAURA MAERSK" June 28

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M.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK" July 1

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MOVEMENTS**
Arrivals

TODAY

CNAC ex-Shanghai 11.45 a.m.; ex-Shanghai via Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Canton 2.10 p.m.; ex-Canton via Amoy 1.55 p.m.; ex-Canton 4.20 p.m., 6.45 p.m.

CATHERINAE (Pattison) ex-Macao 10.55 a.m., 11.45 a.m.

CATHERINAE (Pattison) ex-Macao 11.55 a.m., 12.45 p.m.

H.K. AIRWAYS ex-Canton 10.55 a.m., 1.15 p.m., 3.35 p.m., 6.55 p.m.

PAN-AMERICAN ex-San Francisco via Honolulu, Wake, Guam, Manila 1.45 p.m.

PHILIPPINE AIRLINES ex-San Francisco via Manila 12 noon.

AIR FRANCE ex-Saigon 2 p.m.

ALASKAN AIRLINES ex-Sydney 2 p.m.

HOAC ex-Singapore 3 p.m.; ex-Singapore 4.30 p.m.

TOMORROW

CNAC ex-Shanghai 10.25 a.m., 11.45 a.m.; ex-Amoy via Swatow, Amoy, Swatow, Canton 2.10 p.m., 4.20 p.m., 6.45 p.m.

CATHERINAE (Pattison) ex-Singapore via Bangkok 3.15 p.m.; ex-Macao 11.45 a.m.

H.K. AIRWAYS ex-Shanghai 10.55 a.m., 1.15 p.m.; ex-Canton 10.55 a.m., 1.15 p.m., 3.35 p.m., 6.55 p.m.

HOAC ex-Singapore via Bangkok 4.30 p.m.

MONDAY

CNAC ex-Shanghai 10.25 a.m.; ex-Shanghai via Nanking, Hankow, Canton 2.15 p.m.

CATHERINAE (Pattison) ex-Singapore via Bangkok 3.15 p.m.; ex-Macao 11.45 a.m.

H.K. AIRWAYS ex-Shanghai 10.55 a.m., 1.15 p.m., 3.35 p.m., 6.55 p.m.

HOAC ex-Singapore via Bangkok 4.30 p.m.

Departures

TODAY

CNAC for Shanghai 12.45 p.m.; Amoy via Swatow 8 a.m.; Canton 2.15 p.m., 4.40 p.m.

CATHERINAE (Pattison) for Macao 10.30 a.m.

H.K. AIRWAYS for Shanghai 10 a.m.; Canton 2 p.m., 6 p.m.

PAN-AMERICAN for New York via Bangkok, Calcutta, Colombo, Damacus, Istanbul, London, Manila, 3.15 p.m.

PHILIPPINE AIRLINES for San Francisco via Manila, Guam, Honolulu 1 p.m.

HOAC for Singapore via Bangkok 9.30 a.m.

TOMORROW

CNAC for Shanghai 12.45 p.m.; for Bangkok via Kunming 11.25 a.m.; for Amoy via Swatow, Taihan 9.30 a.m.; Amoy via Swatow, Taihan 9 a.m.; Canton 2.15 p.m., 4.40 p.m.

CATHERINAE (Pattison) for Macao 10.30 a.m.

H.K. AIRWAYS for Shanghai 10 a.m.; Canton 2 p.m., 6 p.m.

PAN-AMERICAN for New York via Bangkok, Calcutta, Colombo, Damacus, Istanbul, London, Manila, 3.15 p.m.

PHILIPPINE AIRLINES for San Francisco via Manila, Guam, Honolulu 1 p.m.

HOAC for Singapore via Bangkok 9.30 a.m.

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PHILIPPINE AIRLINES for San Francisco via Manila, Guam, Honolulu 1 p.m.

HOAC for Singapore via Bangkok 9.30 a.m.

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CNAC for Shanghai 12.45 p.m.; Amoy via Swatow 8 a.m.; Canton 2.15 p.m., 4.40 p.m.

CATHERINAE (Pattison) for Macao 10.30 a.m.

H.K. AIRWAYS for Canton 9 a.m., 11.20 a.m., 1.40 p.m., 4 p.m.

HOAC for Southampton via Bangkok 6.00 a.m.

AIR FRANCE for Saigon 8 a.m.

BRAATHEN for Bangkok, Oslo 8 a.m.

TOMORROW

CNAC for Shanghai 12.45 p.m.; for Bangkok via Kunming 11.25 a.m.; for Amoy via Swatow, Taihan 9.30 a.m.; Amoy via Swatow, Taihan 9 a.m.; Canton 2.15 p.m., 4.40 p.m.

CATHERINAE (Pattison) for Macao 10.30 a.m.

H.K. AIRWAYS for Canton 9 a.m., 11.20 a.m., 1.40 p.m., 4 p.m.

HOAC for Southampton via Bangkok 6.00 a.m.

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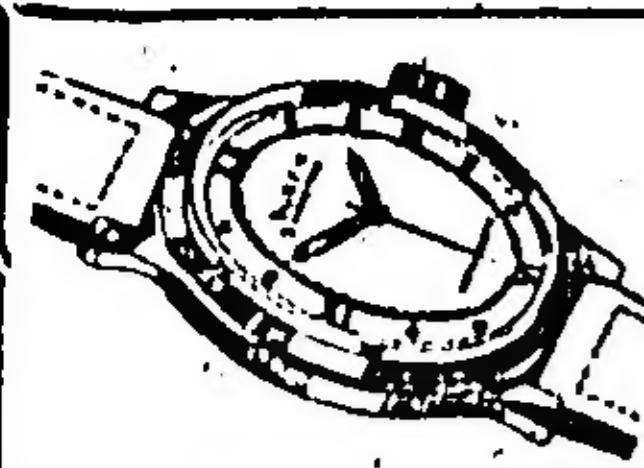
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H.K. AIRWAYS for Canton 9 a.m., 11.20 a.m., 1.40 p.m., 4 p.m.

HOAC



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HAMPSHIRE LEADING BY 181 RUNS

Southampton, June 4.
Hampshire continued their innings against the Australian cricket tourists today in fine weather but on a soft wicket and they were all out for 103 before lunch. The Australians had made three runs for one wicket when lunch was taken.

Australia struck back with a vengeance when Hampshire, 83 runs ahead and all their second innings wickets intact, continued batting and with only 45 runs on the board, the Hampshire side were back in the pavilion.

Mallett, three for 11 and Johnston two for 12 had done the damage, although Hampshire put up quick scoring in an effort to force a decision probably on some of the wickets.

The pitch had recovered well from yesterday's deluge and the tourists, through an even more brilliant Arnold had alone beaten the pace attack, and when Hill joined him the position improved. He had added 22 before Arnold came a half into the slips to be caught.

England had reached double figures when he returned a catch to Johnson and then Hill did the damage, although Northampton and Hemmings opened the game around the turn clean bowled and the visitors made 100 for 103, giving Hampshire a lead of 104. Mallett five for 26 and Johnston five for 34, ending the wickets.

The tourists had approximately the middle batting in prospect and needed 182 runs to win. They had a day from staff at the few available points, as Barnes was to lecture in the off-ground runs without a run over.

Scoreboard

	1st Innings	2nd Innings	Total
Hampshire	141	103	244
Australia	117	103	220
HAMPSHIRE 2ND INNINGS			
Arnold	11	12	23
Johnston	26	11	37
Riley	10	10	20
Davis	10	10	20
Park	10	10	20
Gardner	10	10	20
Hemmings	10	10	20
Carey	10	10	20
Hill	10	10	20
Archie	10	10	20
Johnston	10	10	20
Harrison	10	10	20
Kent	10	10	20
Entwistle	10	10	20
Total	103	103	206
Bowling Analysis			
Mallett	12.5 1 25 5		
Johnston	21 7 43 3		
Eviston	13 3 6 0		
Jam. Johnson	11 1 13 0		
Byes 4, leg-byes 12,			
Fall of wickets 1-17, 2-20, 3-33, 4-36, 5-46, 6-77, 7-95, 8-100, 9-101			
Australia—2nd Innings			
Brown, not out 1			
Barnie, Bow, R. Knott 1			
Ev. Johnson, not out 1			
Extra 1			
Total (for one)	103	103	206

LADIES' DOUBLES RESULTS

The following were the results of games played yesterday in the Ladies' Doubles Division of the Lawn Tennis League:

RECREIO v C.R.C.

Playing at home, Club de Recreio beat Chinese Recreation Club by 5 sets to 4.

Mrs. L.J. Silva and Miss M. Ribeiro (Recreio)—lost to Mrs. E. Litton and Miss H. Lo 2-0; lost to Mr. S. Hwang and Miss Chien Wan-chen 6-2; lost to U. Jones and Mrs. K.W. Chan 6-0.

Mrs. G. House and Miss M. Silva (Recreio)—lost to Mrs. Litton and Miss R. Lo 0-4; lost to Miss L. Hau Yee and Miss Choy Wan-sen 6-2; lost to U. Jones and Mrs. K.W. Chan 6-2.

Mrs. M. Flaujardo and Mrs. W. Lawrence (Recreio)—lost to Mrs. Litton and Miss Chien Wan-chen 6-0; lost to Mrs. Kuan and Mrs. Chan 6-4.

K.C.C. v L.R.C.

At Kowloon yesterday, Ladies' Recreation Club beat Kowloon Cricket Club by nine sets to nil.

Mrs. M. Lo 6-0, 6-0, and Miss Ward (K.C.C.)—lost to Miss Rent and Mrs. Elliott 2-6; lost to Mrs. Dow and Mrs. Standaloff 6-7; lost to Mrs. Gots and Mrs. Blaster 6-6.

Mrs. R. Bambridge and Mrs. D. Tait (K.C.C.)—lost to Mrs. Dow and Mrs. Standaloff 6-4; lost to Mrs. Gots and Mrs. Blaster 6-6.

Mrs. Tamworth and Miss Ketwell (K.C.C.)—lost in Miss Kent and Mrs. Elliott 1-0; lost to Mrs. Dow and Mrs. Standaloff 6-6; lost to Mrs. Gots and Mrs. Blaster 6-6.

The bowlers who were at times almost unplayable, were Charles Knott, who took five wickets for 37, and J. Bolley, a left arm slow bowler, who had four for 27.

The storm which broke over the ground during the luncheon interval soon subsisted but the captain quickly decided that no play would be possible until a quarter past three. Fifteen minutes before this time, however, a further prolonged storm left pools of water and made play impossible, much to the disappointment of the hardy 12,000 people who waited patiently in macintoshes.

The close of play score in county cricket today were:

At Brighton: The Rest 158 for 40, England to bat, Wright four for 36, England to bat.

At Nottingham: Nottinghamshire 78 for two, no further play after lunch, Leicestershire to bat.

At Taunton: Essex beat Somerset by nine wickets, Somerset 172 and 69 (Ray Smith five for 33, Preston three for 14), Essex 228 (Pearce 92, Basell four and 14 for one).

At Oxford: Lancashire 264 (G. R. Edrich 100, Whitemore five for 57), Oxford University two for 2. There was no further play after tea.

At Lords: Middlesex 185 and 71 for three, Derbyshire 200 (Gary five for 75).

At Northampton: Gloucestershire 229 for seven (Crapp 102) Northamptonshire to bat.

At Gravesham: Worcestershire 127 and 129 (B. Edrich six for 74) Kent 168 (Ames 97, Howorth five for 41) and 9 for one wicket.

At Faunton: Essex beat Somerset by nine wickets, Somerset 172 and 69 (Ray Smith five for 33, Preston three for 14), Essex 228 (Pearce 92, Basell four and 14 for one).

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